Diamondback Moth a growers perspective of the problem from around the UK



- Diamondback moth is a small pest with a big reputation
- The 2016 season was the most challenging season for a UK brassica grower for many a year

What are our customer expectations?

Products supplied be consistent in size and quality



Is Diamondback moth becoming a regular pest?

- Historically DBM has been considered a sporadic pest
- Brassica growers now class it as a regular pest similar to aphids
- Brassica growers have recorded DBM on their crops every year for at least the previous 5 seasons
- Everyone of those previous 5 years growers have experienced levels of DBM in their crops that have required control methods
- Brassica growers have observed longer periods of DBM activity, 2016 being the longest period for several seasons

What makes DBM a difficult pest to control?

- Brassica growing is often undertaken on large units in certain areas within the UK creating hotspot opportunities for DBM to breed and feed
- DBM has a rapid life cycle & produces multiple generations
- Use of pyrethroids can actually make the situation worse by killing beneficial predators
- DBM has shown resistance to pyrethroids
- In seasons with high DBM activity it is easy for growers to reach the maximum number of permitted applications for products
- Lack of active ingredients/products for some crops

Crop covers, are they a help or a hindrance?

- Fleece covers on early swede can be great protection
- Rips caused by weather or wildlife create problems
- Cabbage root fly covers offer no protection
- Lack of beneficial predators under covers



What are the consequences identified with DBM

- Loss of product quality due to physical damage resulting in products not meeting customer specifications
- Loss of product size due to leaf damage inhibiting the plants ability to photosynthesise and grow



Which crops did growers have the most issues with?

- Brussels Sprouts
- (up to 100% affected & up to 40% losses)
- Swede
- (up to 100% affected & up to 15% losses)
- Cabbage
- (up to 80% affected & up to 10% losses)



What can help growers in the future?

- Verimark and Benevia will be game changers (but not all crops covered, kale, collards & swede)
- Tracer & Steward helpful for swede
- Increases in total permissible applications
- Greater number of active ingredients to reduce the speed of resistance
- Improved and cost effective bio controls