

EMERGENCY AUTHORISATION FOR A PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCT

PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS REGULATION (EC) No. 1107/2009

Extent of authorisation: England

Product name: Exirel 10SE

Active ingredient: 100 g / l cyantraniliprole (a suspo-emulsion formulation as detailed in the application form dated 12 January 2015 (HSE Ref.: W001652711))

Product authorisation holder: FMC Agro Limited (Registered Company no. 01973941)

Marketing company: FMC Agro Limited

This Emergency Authorisation starts: 17 June 2021

This Emergency Authorisation, for the specific use set out in this notice, ends:

(a) for placing on the market and use: 15 October 2021

(b) for storage and disposal of stocks: 30 November 2021

This Emergency Authorisation will be withdrawn or amended before its end date if a decision is taken to withdraw or amend this Emergency Authorisation under Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 on any other grounds.

HSE Digital Signature

This and the attached Appendices 1 and 2 are signed by the Health and Safety Executive ("HSE") for and on behalf of the Secretary of State.

Date of issue: 17 June 2021

EXPLANATORY NOTES

1. This is Emergency authorisation number 1266 of 2021.
2. This Emergency authorisation will be published on the website of the Chemicals Regulation Division of the HSE.
3. Application reference number: COP 2020/02031.
4. Persons using the product to which this Emergency authorisation applies should acquaint themselves with and observe all requirements contained in the Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, including the duty on the holder of any Emergency authorisation to notify information on potentially dangerous effects, a contravention of which is a criminal offence under those Regulations.
5. Neither the efficacy nor the phytotoxicity of the product for which this Emergency authorisation has been granted has been assessed and, as such, the user bears the risk in respect of failures concerning its efficacy and phytotoxicity.
6. In this notice Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 means:

In relation to Great Britain, Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 as it has effect in Great Britain.

ADVISORY INFORMATION

This Emergency Authorisation relates to the use of 'Exirel 10SE' as an insecticide for use on outdoor plum and damson to control spotted wing drosophila (*Drosophila suzukii*). Application is to be made by broadcast air-assisted sprayers / orchard sprayers in 1000 to 1200 l water /ha.

The relevant Department (Natural England) should be consulted prior to any application adjacent to designated sites, such as SSSI and NNR.

IMPORTANT: When applying this product under the terms of this Emergency Authorisation, comply with any resistance guidance or restrictions stated on the product label.

Total reliance on one pesticide will hasten the development of resistance. Pesticides of different chemical types or alternative control measures should be included in the planned programme. Alternating with different modes of action is a recognised anti-resistance strategy.

IMPORTANT: Those parties involved in the distribution and sale of goods should note that goods treated under the terms of this authorisation can only be legally marketed in Northern Ireland if they are in accordance with the statutory EU MRL set under Regulation (EC) No 396/2005. Growers are advised to draw this to the attention of distributors and retailers who are customers for their goods so that EU MRL breaches and potential enforcement against goods marketed in Northern Ireland is avoided.

The Emergency Authorisation will not be renewed unless the following information is submitted:

- Trap count data must be linked with the decision to spray for all uses. The spray trigger criteria must not be based solely on the growth stage of the crop. Therefore, official spray trigger criteria used for cherry and plum must be refined and incorporate an appropriate pest threshold (along with a relevant method of monitoring) in conjunction with a relevant growth stage. Although it is accepted that there is no scientifically established threshold number, SWD must be in sufficient numbers to represent an appropriate threat. The refined spray trigger must also be supported with a relevant case or data to justify the criteria.
- Data on the location of use of the product (split by outdoor and protected crops) to confirm that the use is only in the stated regions. This must also include a summary of the number of sprays used under all relevant Article 53s and on how many sprays were used in the season. A survey of the users of this product for control of SWD would be an appropriate method to collect the data.
- An updated detailed, realistic insecticide spray programme, indicating where the requested product fits within that programme amended to reflect any changes in practice including any end of season applications. This should be in a calendar format with typical growth stage, when specific targets are an issue along with the timing for each spray application for each product/active.

- A case to explain the practices growers are employing to reduce the populations of SWD at the end of the season, during winter and also prior to the start of the next season.
- Information on ongoing data generation to support a standard authorisation of the product in the UK and timelines for submission.
- To address a data gap for the groundwater and drainflow assessments, information on the soil pH ranges all of the requested crops are typically grown in, along with an estimation on the proportion of those crops expected to be grown in the pH ranges 4.8 to 5.9.

APPENDIX 1: CONDITIONS OF EMERGENCY AUTHORISATION

The conditions below are obligatory. They must be complied with when the Emergency authorisation occurs. Failure to comply with the following conditions will result in the withdrawal or amendment of the Emergency authorisation under Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 and may result in other enforcement action, including prosecution. For the purposes of this Emergency authorisation only, the conditions and/or requirements shown below supersede any corresponding conditions and/or requirements set out on the label or otherwise provided for under the product authorisation **which would otherwise apply**.

Sale and supply:

Packaging: The authorisation holder must only place this product on the market in:

- i) 1 to 5 litre high density polyethylene container co-extruded with ethylene vinyl alcohol copolymer.

Label: The authorisation holder must only sell and supply the product with the agreed label, which is the label agreed on 29 May 2020 (HSE ref.: W001961898).

Use:

Field of use: **ONLY AS AN INSECTICIDE**

User: Professional

Crops/situations:	Maximum individual dose: (litres product / ha)	Maximum total dose:	Maximum number of treatments: (per crop)	Latest time of application:
Outdoor crops of damson, plum	0.5	-	2 See 'Other Specific Restriction 4, 5'	7 days before harvest

Operator Protection:

- (1) Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment:
 - (a) Operators must wear suitable protective clothing (coveralls) and suitable protective gloves when handling the concentrate.

- (b) Operators must wear suitable protective gloves when handling contaminated surfaces.
- (2) However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows that they provide an equal or higher standard of protection.

Environmental protection:

- (1) Since there is a risk to aquatic life from use, users not applying the statutory buffer zone must either themselves carry out, or ensure that someone else has carried out a Local Environment Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) on their behalf before each spraying operation from a **broadcast air-assisted sprayer**. Users must not allow direct spray from such sprayers to fall within **10m** of the top of the bank of any static or flowing waterbody or within 5m of a ditch which is dry at the time of application (these distances to be measured as set out in the booklet 'Local Environment Risk Assessment for Pesticides - Broadcast Air-assisted Sprayers' - and any amendments that are made to it.

Spray must be aimed away from water.

- (2) The results of the LERAP must be recorded in written form and must be available for a period of three years for inspection to any person entitled to exercise enforcement powers under or in connection with the Plant Protection Products Regulations 2011 or the Plant Protection Products (Sustainable Use) Regulations 2012. (An electronic record will satisfy the requirement for a written record, providing it is similarly available for inspection and can be copied).
- (3) Detailed guidance on LERAPs and how to conduct a LERAP are contained in the booklet 'Local Environment Risk Assessment for Pesticides - Broadcast Air-assisted Sprayers' (Ref: PB6533), available from HSE Chemicals Regulation Directorate's website. All LERAPs must be carried out in accordance with this Guidance and any amendments that are made to it.
- (4) Dangerous to bees. To protect bees and pollinating insects do not apply to crop plants when in flower. Do not use where bees are actively foraging. Do not apply when flowering weeds are present.

- (5) To protect non target insects / arthropods respect an unsprayed buffer zone of **15m** to non-crop land when using **broadcast air assisted sprayers** which must be fitted with a minimum of **three-star drift reduction technology**.

Other specific restrictions:

- (1) This product must only be applied for the control of spotted wing drosophila (*Drosophila suzukii*) in England in accordance with the terms of this Emergency Authorisation and the product label and/or leaflet provided by the authorisation holder. The evidence of the decision to spray must be recorded along with where and how the product was applied.
- (2) This product must not be applied via hand-held equipment.
- (3) The buffer zones are NOT eligible for buffer zone reduction under the LERAP scheme.
- (4) A minimum interval of 14 days must be observed between applications.
- (5) A maximum of one application must be observed after 31 August 2020.

APPENDIX 2: GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR AN EMERGENCY AUTHORISATION

Failure to comply with the following conditions will result in the withdrawal or amendment of the Emergency authorisation under Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 and may result in other enforcement action, including prosecution.

Adverse effects:

The authorisation holder must immediately notify the Secretary of State if they have any new information on the potentially adverse effects of the authorised product, or of residues of an active substance in that product when used in accordance with the conditions of this Emergency authorisation. Failure to comply with this requirement is an offence.

Provision of information:

The authorisation holder must comply with all requests for information required by, or on behalf of, the Secretary of State in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009.