

05/07/2019

Pest pressure for oilseed rape incentivises cereals area growth

The English oilseed rape area has fallen to a 16-year low, following a year of challenging agronomics and pest pressure.

According to the results of the annual AHDB Planting and Variety Survey, the oilseed rape area has been replaced by an increased cereal area, notably wheat and oats. The overall barley area has remained largely static, although more winter barley has been planted and the area of spring barley reduced.

Peter Collier, AHDB Analyst: "The challenges being faced with oilseed rape have resulted in the lowest area since 2003. In place of oilseed rape has been an increased cereal area. With potentially good yields and Brexit uncertainty, a greater importance should be placed on marketing grain effectively.

The key findings of the survey are:

- GB wheat area is estimated at 1.802Mha, a 4% increase from 2018
- GB spring barley area is estimated at 708Kha, down 4% from 2018
- GB winter barley area is estimated at 422Kha, 11% higher than 2018
- Area of oilseed rape in England and Scotland is estimated at 514Kha, down 11% from 2018
- Area of oats in England and Scotland is estimated at 178Kha, an 8% increase from 2018

The full AHDB Planting and Variety Survey results are available to download on the AHDB Survey Results page.

Oilseed Rape

Due to poor establishment in the dry autumn, followed by cabbage stem flea beetle damage, the oilseed rape area in England has been reduced to the lowest level since 2003. Damaged oilseed rape crops in many circumstances were replaced with other cereal options.

However where oilseed rape established well and have not suffered from larvae, crops have the potential to record good yields and crops in Northern England have seen less pest damage.

In Scotland the area has reduced to a lesser extent, down 6% at 31Kha, also suffering from significantly less pest damage.

Wheat

Almost all regions of England and Scotland recorded an increased wheat area. Supported market prices of the 2018/19 marketing season may have incentivised this.

Following the tight supply year of 2018/19, the outlook for 2019/20 is for a more pressured domestic market. With a potential return to a net export position, this may pose possible Brexit challenges.

In terms of varieties, estimated areas for <u>nabim Group 1 and 2 varieties</u> account for 36% of the 2019 GB wheat area, back two percentage points from last year. The decrease in the Group 2 area has been to the benefit of nabim Group 3 varieties. Accounting for 11% of the GB wheat area, these varieties recorded a 49Kha rise on the year and 99Kha on 2017. Higher-yielding Group 3 varieties, such as KWS Barrel and Basset, have aided the recovery in the Group 3 area.

Group 3 wheats have likely replaced some nabim Group 4 area, which is reduced. Both the Group 4 hard and Group 4 soft areas estimated decreases, back 43Kha and 19Kha respectively.

Barley

While the overall GB barley area remained largely similar to last year, the areas apportioned to winter and spring varieties changed. With crops overall looking in good condition, higher yields than last year could be expected. This increased production would add to domestic supply, potentially keeping markets pressured.

The GB winter barley area has recovered from last year's lows. At 422Kha, the area reported is up 11% from 2018, with a timely 2018 Scottish harvest aiding the recovery in Scotland's planted area.

Conversely, the estimated GB spring barley area is 4% lower than last year, ending the previous four years expansion. However, in Eastern and South Eastern regions the area has continued to increase in order to control black grass.

Overall, 56% of the total GB barley area are malting barley varieties with full approval from the <u>Malting Barley Committee</u>. This is virtually unchanged from 2018. However, growing conditions so far have been less challenging for low nitrogen malting barley. This may result in the malting premium over feed barley being less pronounced than at the start of 2018/19.

Oats

At a combined 178Kha, the total oat area across England and Scotland is up 9% from 2018. A rise in the South East and East Midlands areas lifted the English estimate by 8%, with these regions potentially planting oats as an alternative to oilseed rape. As such, production is likely to increase for 2019/20 for a limited domestic market.

Due to a low Welsh survey response rate for oats, the AHDB is unable to provide an area for Wales and therefore GB. In the previous 5 years, Wales has represented a maximum of 4% of the GB oat area.

Notes

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- The survey was sent out to a representative sample of 6655 farms and had a 48% response rate. Growers were asked to submit intended harvest areas and the area harvested last year. Data for this survey was collected during the months of May and June 2019.
- Due to a low response rate, the Welsh oilseed rape area and Welsh oats figures are not available for individual publication.
- Percentage changes are based on comparison to the Defra 2018 June Survey of Agriculture. This is due
 to the Defra June survey covering the entire United Kingdom and providing a consistent methodology.
 Please note, that for oilseed rape Defra provide only winter crop areas for the English regions. Therefore, to enable a consistent comparison with Scottish results, the English spring oilseed rape area from
 harvest 2018 has been apportioned in the same ratio as the winter crops and included in the regional
 totals for harvest 2019.
- Please note that totals may not agree due to rounding.
- The full AHDB Planting and Variety Survey results are <u>available to download</u> on the AHDB Survey Results page.

AHDB Planting Survey Results 2019

'000 hectares

North East
North West
Yorks
East Mids
West Mids
Eastern
South East
South West
North Scot
South Scot
England
Scotland
Wales
GB

	Wheat	
Final	Estimate	% change
2018 ¹⁾	2019	on 2018
68	68	-0
36	41	13
230	245	6
313	323	3
160	163	2
446	461	3
209	217	4
156	160	3
17	18	12
83	84	1
1,619	1,678	4
100	103	3
22	21	-5
1,741	1,802	4

	Spring Barley	
Final	Estimate	% change
2018 ¹⁾	2019	on 2018
12	12	-5
25	14	-45
56	50	-11
78	78	-1
28	22	-22
105	112	7
78	84	7
89	87	-2
134	131	-2
116	108	-7
471	457	-3
250	239	-5
15	12	-21
737	708	-4
	•	

	Winter Barley	
Final	Estimate	% change
2018 ¹⁾	2019	on 2018
27	28	2
14	21	50
65	68	6
43	49	15
30	34	12
83	91	10
32	36	12
42	44	3
14	18	23
23	26	11
336	371	10
38	43	16
8	7	-6
381	422	11

	Total Barley	
Final 2018 ¹⁾	Estimate 2019	% change on 2018
40	40	-0
39	35	-10
121	119	-2
121	127	5
59	56	-5
187	203	8
110	119	8
131	131	-0
149	149	0
139	134	-4
807	828	3
288	283	-2
23	19	-16
1,117	1,130	1

North East
North West
Yorks
East Mids
West Mids
Eastern
South East
South West
North Scot
South Scot
England
Scotland
Wales
GB

	Oats	
Final	Estimate	% change
2018 ¹⁾	2019	on 2018
11	13	19
6	7	25
10	10	-0
14	17	19
21	21	-2
21	21	-2
24	29	20
24	24	0
10	11	13
22	25	11
132	142	8
32	36	12
5	*	*
169	*	*

	Total Cereals	
Final	Estimate	% change
2018 ¹⁾	2019	on 2018
119	120	1
81	83	3
361	374	3
449	467	4
240	240	-0
654	685	5
343	365	6
311	315	1
175	179	2
245	242	-1
2,558	2,649	4
420	421	0
50	*	*
3,027	*	*

Final 2018 ^{1) 2)}	Oilseed Rape Estimate 2019	% change on 2018
25	26	1
6	4	-22
76	67	-12
143	125	-13
55	51	-6
111	102	-8
75	58	-23
54	50	-8
12	10	-15
21	21	-1
545	483	-11
33	31	-6
5	*	*
583	*	*

Total Co	ereals and Oilse	ed Rape				
Final	Estimate	% change				
2018 ^{1) 2)}	2019	on 2018				
144	146	1				
86	87	1				
438	441	1				
592	592	0				
294	291	-1				
765	786	3				
418	424	1				
366	365	-0				
187	189	1				
266	263	-1				
3,103	3,132	1				
453	452	-0				
54	*	*				
3,610	*	*				

*Due to a low response rate oats and oilseed rape figures for Wales are not available for publication

1) Final 2018 crop areas from Defra (June survey) and Scottish Government (June Agricultural Census)

2) Defra produce winter oilseed rape areas for the regions in England. The 2018 total spring oilseed rape area for England has been apportioned in the same ratio as the winter crop and included in the regional totals to enable a consistent comparison

Notes: Total may not agree due to rounding

Breakdown at regional levels are based on smaller sample sizes than at the national level and are therefore subject to more uncertainty

ISO 9001

Source: AHDB, Defra, Scottish Government

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AHDB Wheat Variety Survey Results 2019

'000 hectares

North East
North West
Yorks
East Mids
West Mids
Eastern
South East
South West
Scotland
Wales
GB

Nabim Groups by Region %							Planting Survey Nabim Groups by Region '000 (ha)							
Group1	Group2	Group3	Group4	Group4 soft	Group4 hard	Other	Wheat Area Estimate	Group1	Group2	Group3	Group4	Group4 soft	Group4 hard	Other
9%	7%	22%	48%	17%	32%	14%	68	6	5	15	33	11	21	10
*	*	*	64%	*	*	*	41	*	*	*	26	*	*	*
15%	9%	9%	57%	12%	45%	10%	245	36	22	23	140	30	109	25
22%	12%	8%	46%	9%	37%	12%	323	70	40	25	149	29	120	39
29%	8%	4%	52%	2%	50%	7%	163	47	13	6	85	4	81	11
26%	12%	13%	35%	5%	30%	15%	461	118	54	61	160	22	139	68
57%	8%	10%	19%	3%	16%	6%	217	125	17	22	41	6	35	13
34%	14%	6%	41%	4%	36%	5%	160	54	23	10	65	7	58	9
1%	6%	31%	44%	39%	5%	18%	103	1	6	32	45	40	5	18
*	*	*	78%	*	*	*	21	*	*	*	16	*	*	*
26%	10%	11%	42%	9%	34%	11%	1,802	463	185	195	761	156	605	198

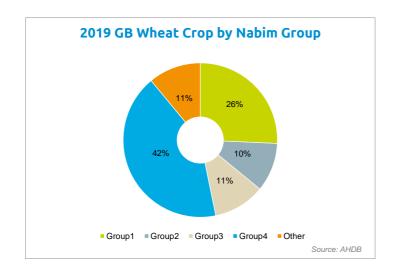
Source: AHDB

*Due to a low response rate in the North West region and Wales, some figures are not availbale for publication

Varieties are categorised as per the nabim Wheat Guide 2019. Other = uncategorised by nabim for harvest 2019

Notes: Totals may not agree due to rounding

Breakdown at regional levels are based on smaller sample sizes than at the GB level and are therefore subject to more uncertainty





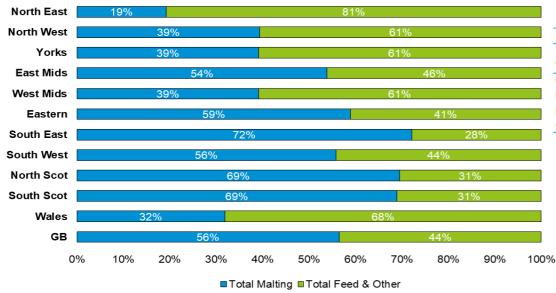
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AHDB Barley Variety Survey Results 2019



AHDB Oilseed Rape Variety Survey Results 2019 (England & Scotland*)

Planting Survey Oilseed Rape Area Estimate:	514 Kha
Variety names	
Campus	10%
Elgar	10%
DK-Exalte	5%
Other varieties**	75%

Source: AHDB

*Due to a low response rate the oilseed rape figure for Wales is not available for publication

The area surveyed was approximately 65,100 (ha) which represents 13% of the estimated 2019 oilseed rape area

Source: AHDB

Malting = varieties with full approval only on the Institute of Brewing and Distilling Approved List for harvest 2019



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^{**}Other varieties each make up less than 5% of the surveyed area