

19 March 2024

AHDB milk forecasting forum

AHDB Market Intelligence
https://ahdb.org.uk/dairy-markets





Housekeeping

- This is intended to be a discussion so please do speak up
- But please mute your microphones when you are not speaking
- We will aim to have a discussion at the end of each key topic



Contents

- Key topics:
 - Herd size inseminations, calf numbers and calving patterns
 - Feed market update
 - Costs
 - Yields
 - Compositional quality
- Milk forecast

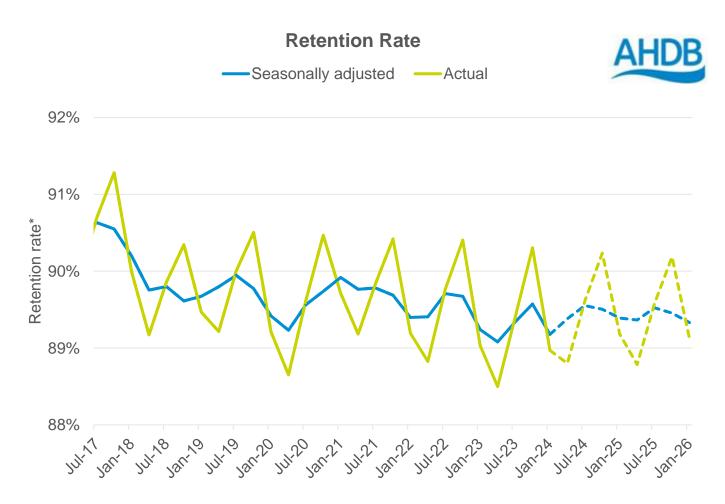


Herd size, inseminations and calvings



Retention rates





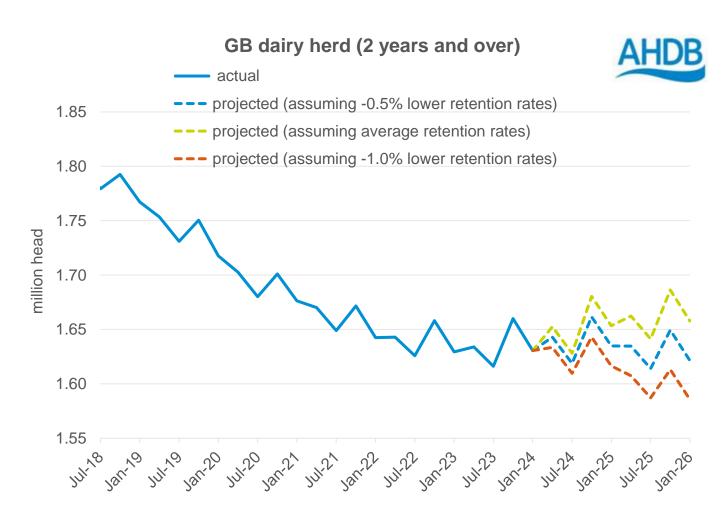
Source: BCMS, AHDB

*Seasonally adjusted 6-monthly retention rate for 2-8yrs

- Retention of cows over 6 month period
- We seasonally adjust because Oct always high and Apr always low – allows us to see trends more easily
- Retention rates dipped in H1 2023
 and continued the trend in H2 2023
 tough economic conditions
- Retention rate will steady out at lower than historic levels over the next couple of years as herd size has consolidated







- Based on predicted youngstock numbers (from insemination data) and 3 year average retention rates
- Herd size is maintained if retention rates run 0.5% below average
- Herd size will increase if retention rates return to average
- Herd size will decrease if retention rates run 1% below average.

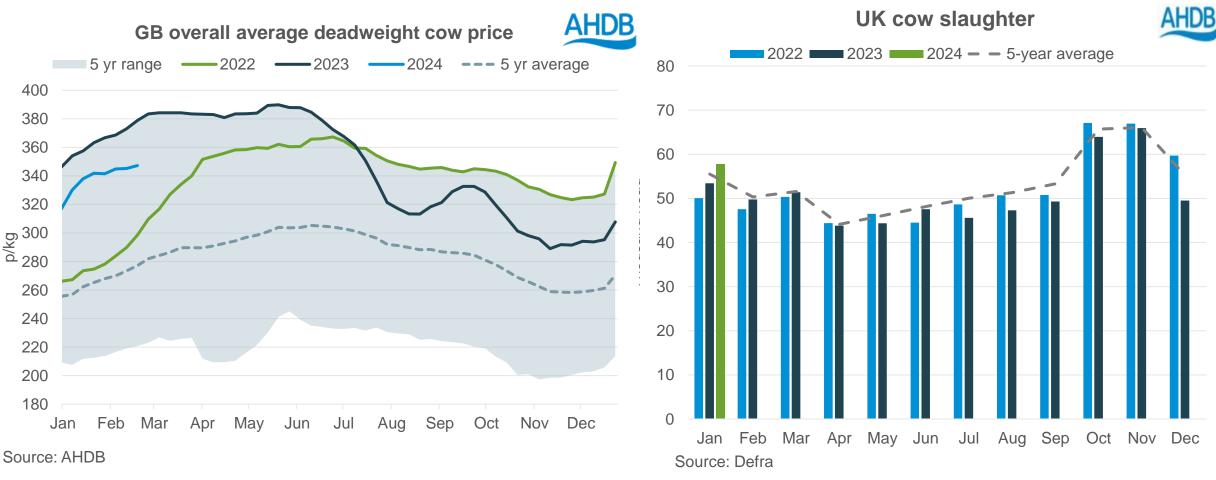
In 2023/24 we adjusted the forecast for retention rates to run 0.5% below historic averages.

Expect that this will continue for the 2024/25 season – is this reasonable?

Source: BCMS, AHDB



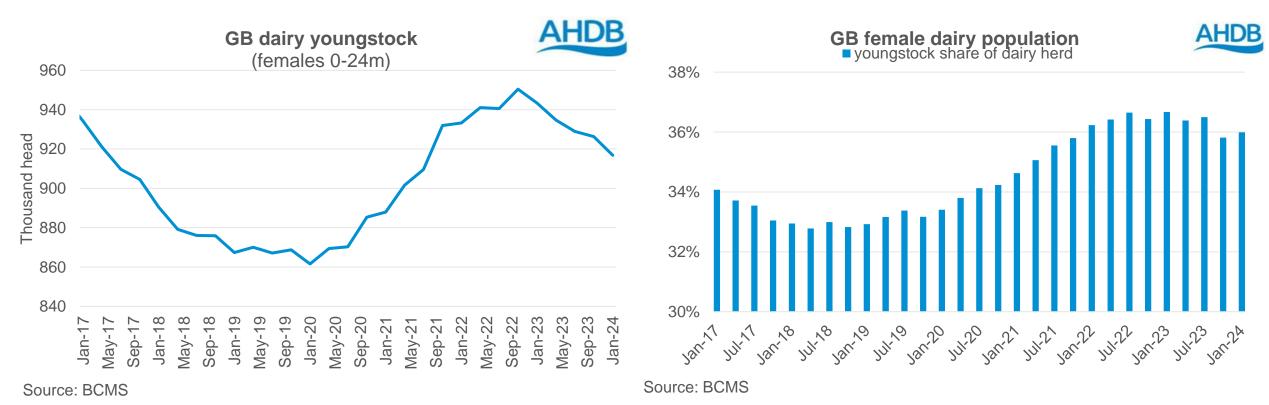
Cow prices are behind year ago levels with slaughter beginning to lift in January



Note: data is for all cows so will include beef breeding cows as well as dairy cows



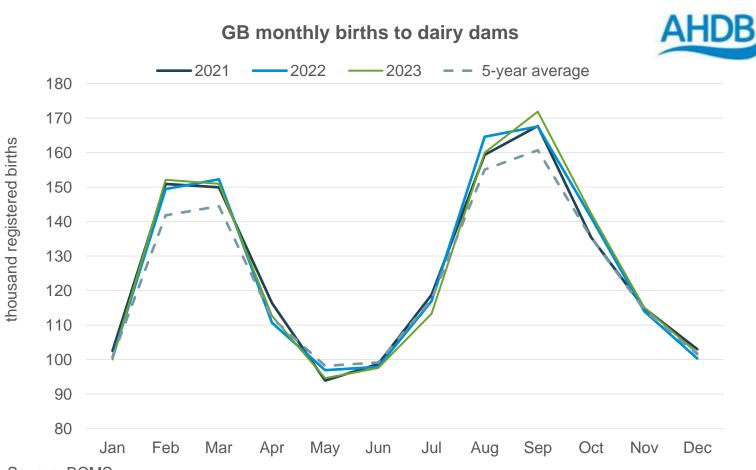
Have youngstock numbers peaked?



- Youngstock numbers (0-24m) continue to decline after 2 years of increases
- Rising youngstock from 2020/21 now entered into main herd
- Will this impact on long term rate of decline in milking herd?
- Or just on retention rates?



Births to dairy dams steady in H2

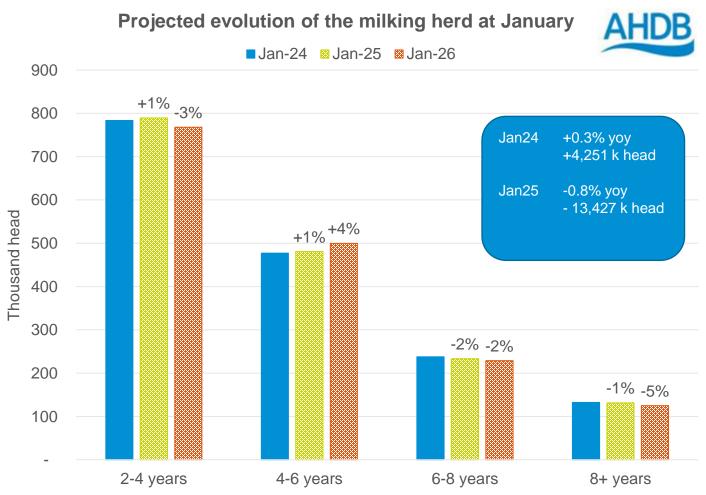


- Jul-Dec 2023 calf registrations on par with 2022 (down 0.01%)
- Farmers have maintained herd sizes despite high-cost environment

Source: BCMS



Future age structure of herd



- Using current projections of -0.5% retention rate 4-6 year olds will increase while older groups continue to decline
- Is this a reasonable expectation?

Source: BCMS, AHDB



Herd size discussion

- What will happen now the current youngstock are aging into the herd?
- Will the overall milking herd stabilise, or see any decline?
- Are our assumptions around calving still valid?



Calving assumptions

Number of calves born

Proportion of calves born to dairy females inseminated

2. Proportion of females from sexed semen 95%

3. Proportion of females from nonsexed semen 50%

Efficiency of sexed semen

1. Success of sexed relative to non-sexed semen 95%

2. Al as % of all inseminations 90%



19 March 2024

What has been driving cereal & oilseed prices?

Anthony Speight





Global grain markets are well supplied

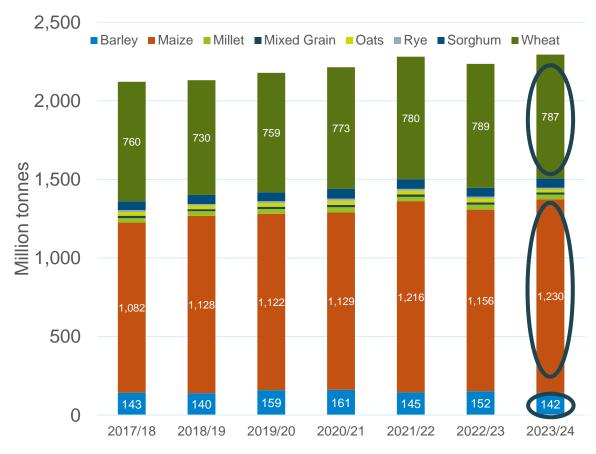
Stocks to use ratio of global grains



Source: USDA.

Grains: Barley, Maize, Millet, Mixed Grains, Oats, Rye,

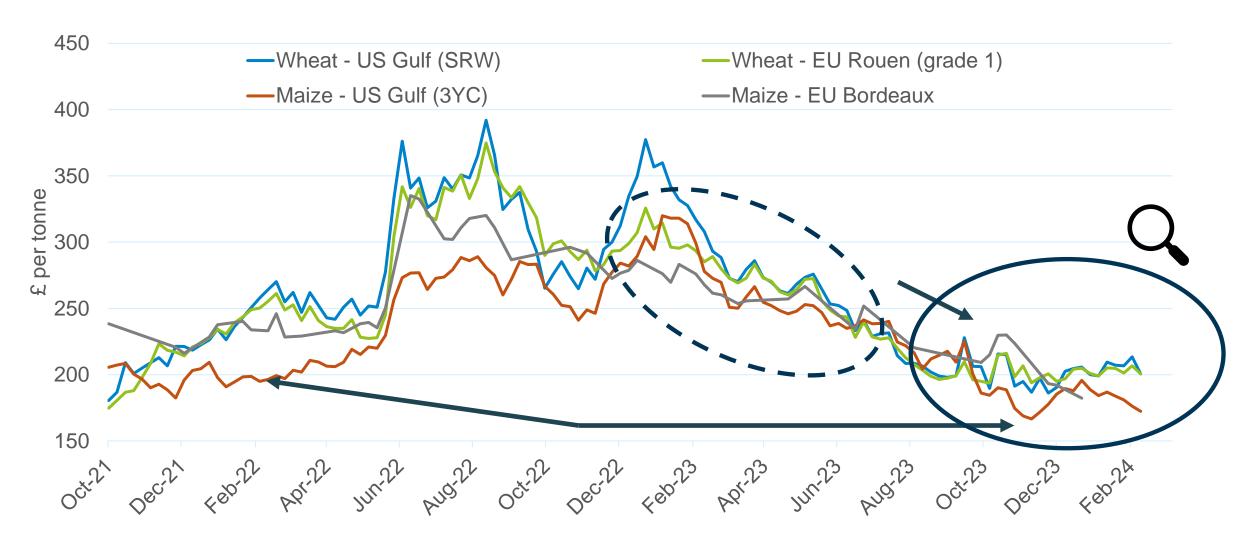
Global grain production is set to grow for 2023/24



Source: USDA – March World Agricultural Supply & Demand Estimate



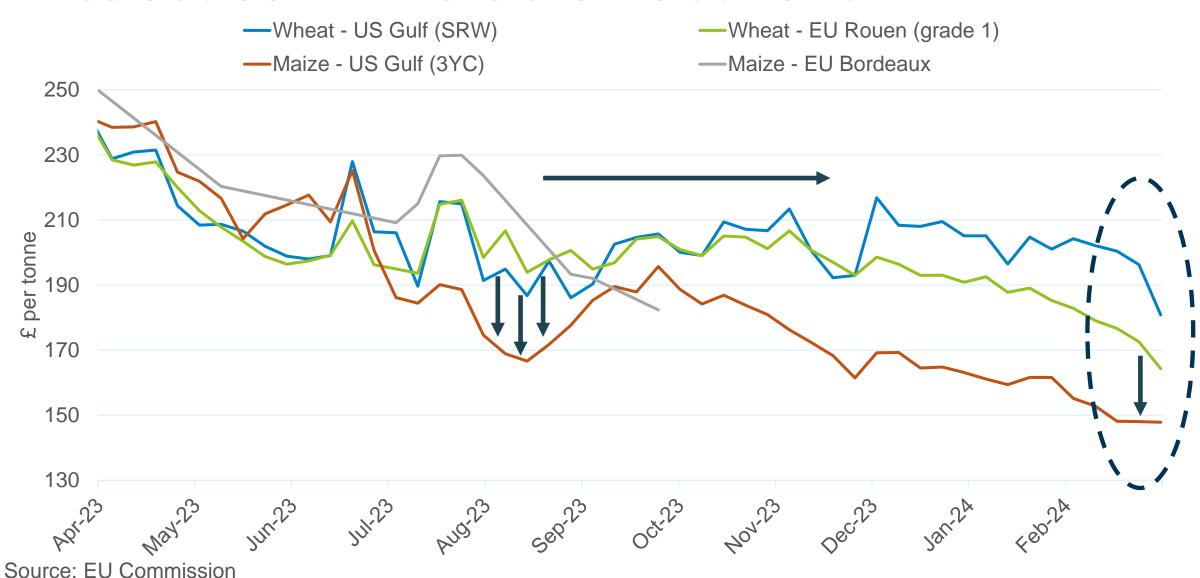
Price outlook – where are we at now?



Source: EU Commission



Price outlook – where are we at now?

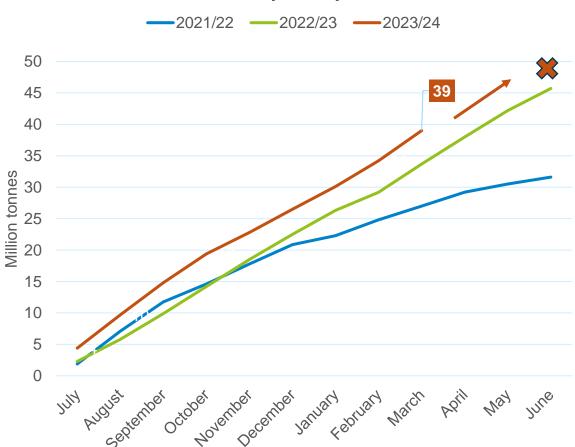






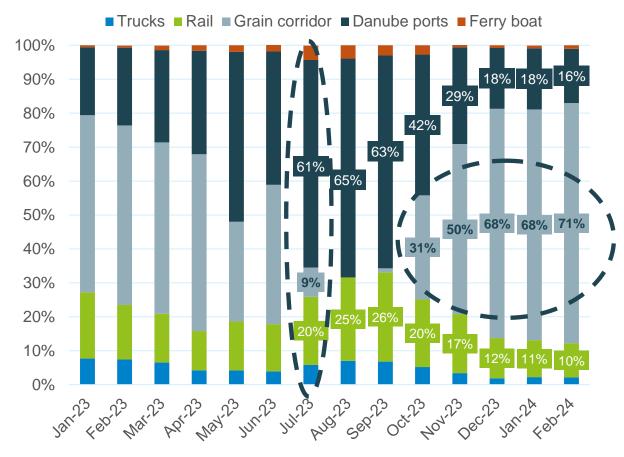
Russia and Ukraine pressuring grain markets

Russian wheat export expected to continue



Source: SovEcon

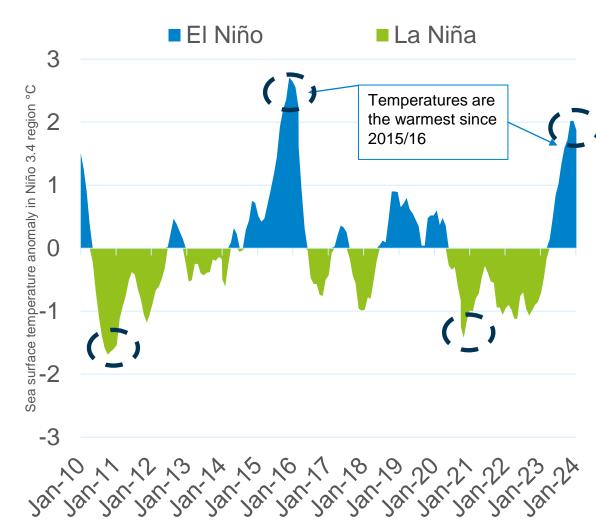
Ukrainian export avenues



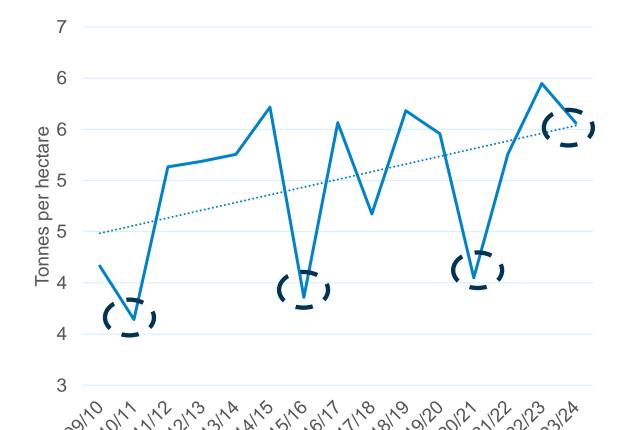
Source: UkrAgroConsult based on customs data.

El Niño is going to be the market driver





Brazilian second maize crop yields

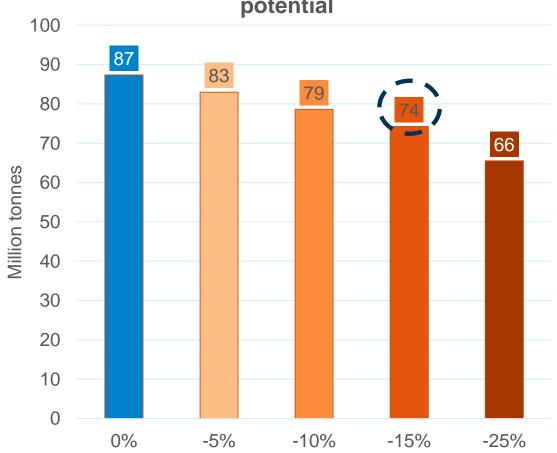


Source: Conab



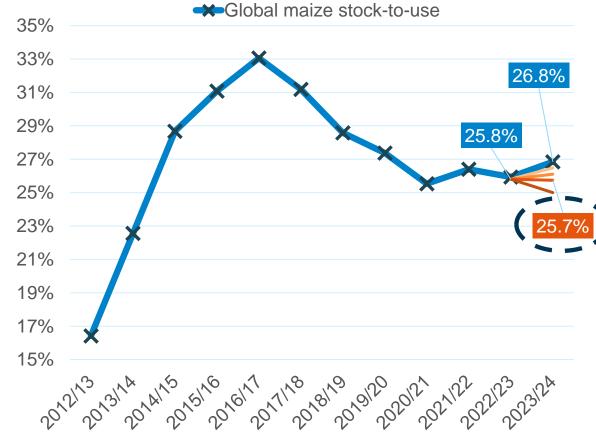
El Niño is going to be the market driver

Brazilian maize production has downward potential



Source: Conab, AHDB analysis

Global stock-to-use ratios could tighten



Source: USDA, AHDB analysis

Harvest 2024 **AHDB** Russia 2024/25: Winter wheat: 90+ Mt **Ukraine 2024/25:** Winter wheat: 20.2 Mt, EU 2024/25: c.4.2 Mha planted Wheat: 121.6 Mt, -3% US 2024/25: **Total cereals: 237.8 Mt + 1%** The Ukrainian Grain Winter Wheat: 13.9 **Association forecasts** Mha, -6% an 18% drop in Ukraine grains and oilseeds **exports in 2024/25 to** 43.7 Mt Source: BAGE, USDA, ABARES, LSEG commodities research

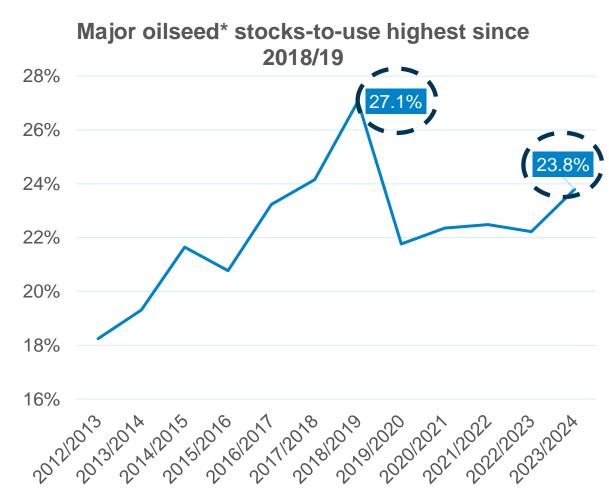


Global oilseeds



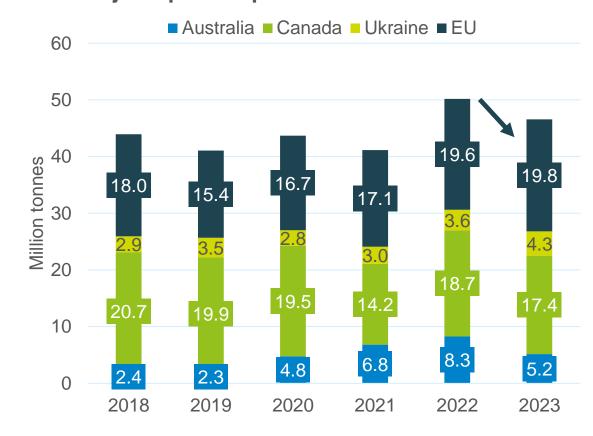


Oilseed markets and well supplied



Source: USDA, *rapeseed, sunseed & soyabeans

Major rapeseed production has decreased

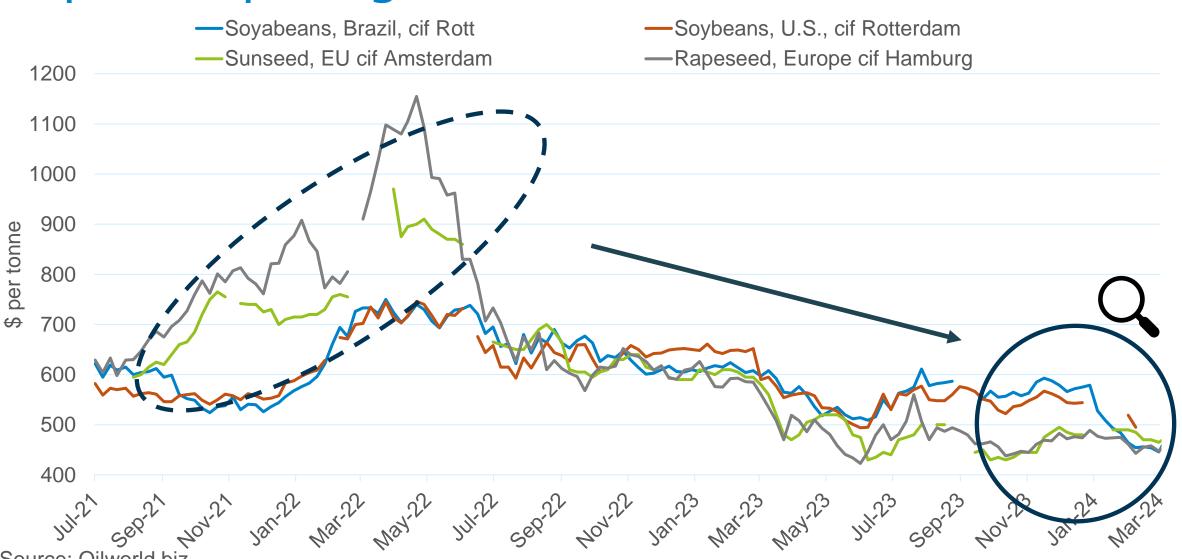


Source: ABARES, StatCan, EU commission &

UkrAgroConsult

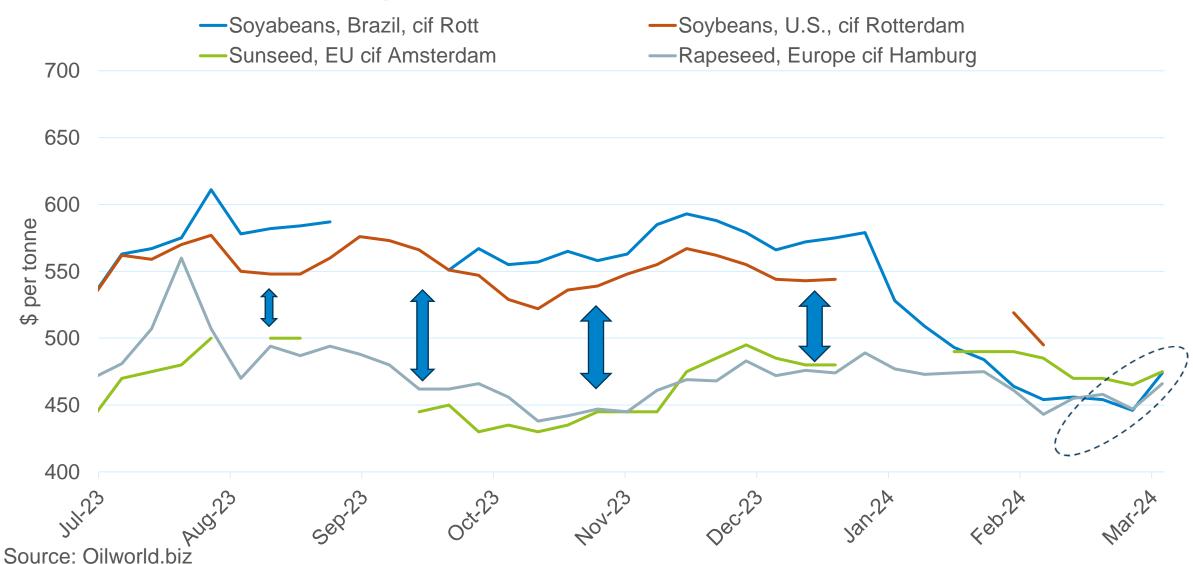


Rapeseed pricing in relation to other oilseeds



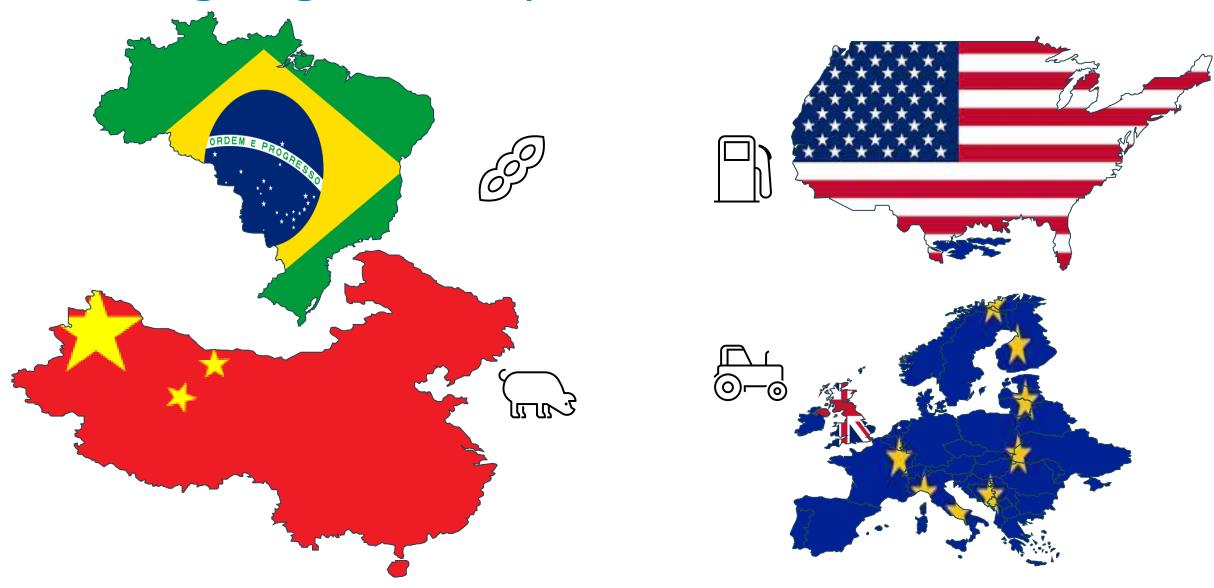


Rapeseed pricing in relation to other oilseeds





What is going to drive prices in 2024?





Rapeseed tightness for next year?





Source: Euronext



Domestic situation





AHDB Early Bird Survey

Thousand hectares	Defra June Survey for harvest 2023	November 2024 EBS forecast for harvest 2024	March 2024 EBS forecast for harvest 2024	March EBS % year-on-year change
All wheat	1,720	1,660	1,463	-15%
Winter barley	455	423	355	-22%
Spring barley	682	756	881	29%
Oats	167	180	209	26%
Other cereals*	65	52	53	-18%
OSR	391	317	280	-28%
Other oilseeds**	26	20	20	-24%
Pulses	275	245	236	-14%
Arable fallow	311	388	558	79%
Other crops on arable land***	709	739	745	5%
TOTAL	4,800	4,780	4,800	

^{*}crops included are rye, triticale and mixed grains

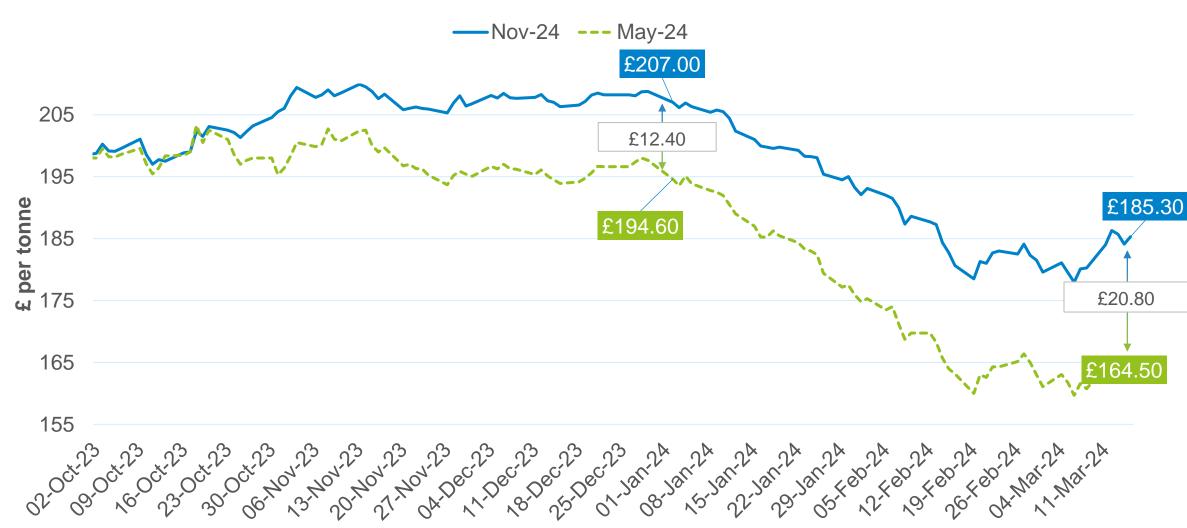
Source: Defra, The Andersons Centre for the AHDB

^{**}crops included are linseed and borage

^{***}crops include sugar beet, potatoes, vegetables, maize (33%) and temporary grass (20%)



UK feed wheat futures carry into the new crop widening





UK feed wheat futures relationship to Paris milling wheat futures shifted again for May-24

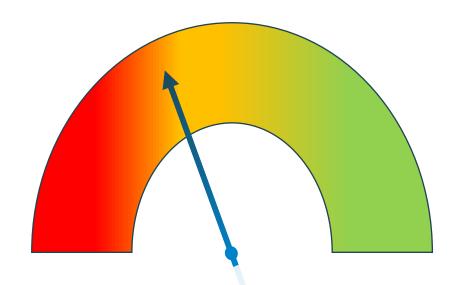


Source: ICE, Euronext, ECE



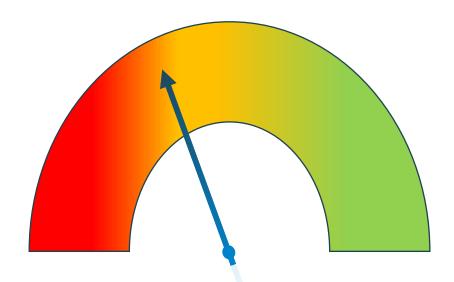
Bearish markets but with caution

Grains



- Brazilian Safrinha crop could change the tide of old crop markets.
- Black Sea geo-politics. Conflict in the Middle East
- No major cause for concern for new-crop...yet

Oilseeds



- Brazilian soyabean crop revisions key for market.
- Rapeseed prices will be driven by soyabeans. But will remain at a premium

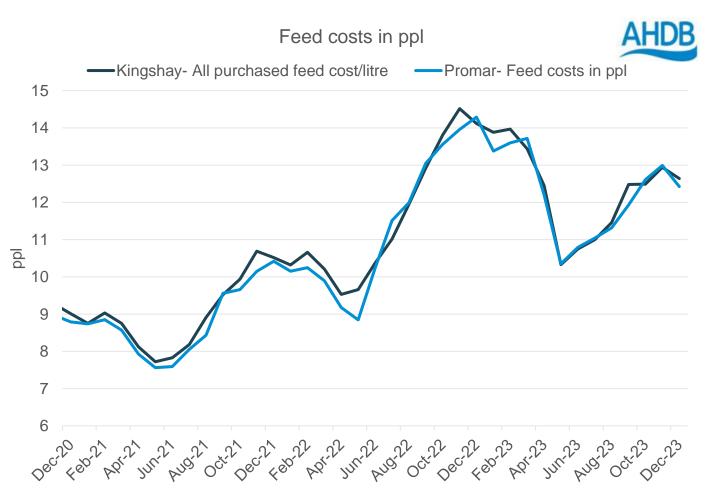


Costs & Yields





Purchased feed costs remain high



- Purchased feed costs only cost of forage not accounted for.
- Prices remain high compared to historic levels, dipped but now coming back up.
- Dec-23 costs were 10.5% down on Dec-22.

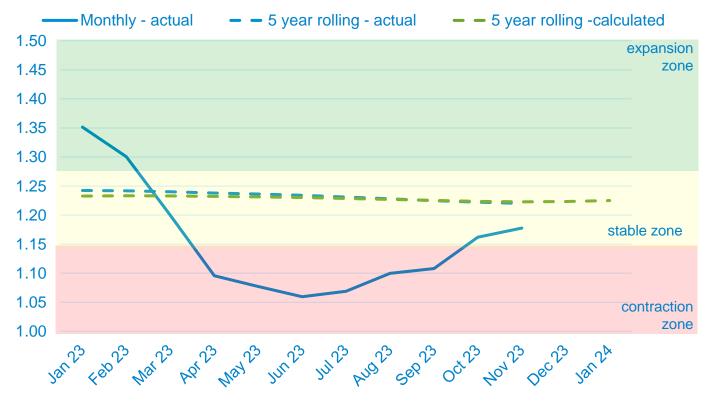
Source: Kingshay, Promar



Milk to (concentrate) feed price ratio

Actual vs calculated milk to feed price ratio - average



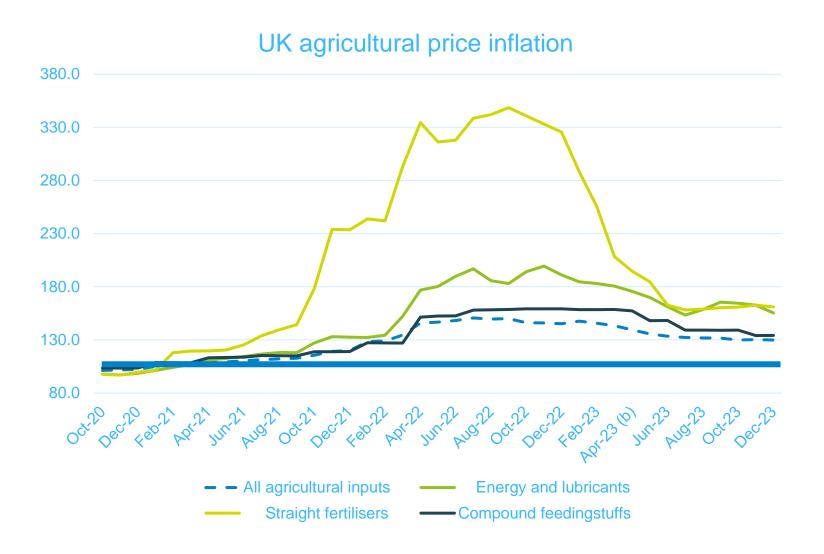


Source: Actual - Kingshay, Promar, Defra, AHDB, Daera. Calculated - AHDB, Defra

- MFPR is edging back into the stable zone
- Production decline has slowed and will be watched carefully as we head into the flush

Input costs currently seem to have settled at a new, higher level



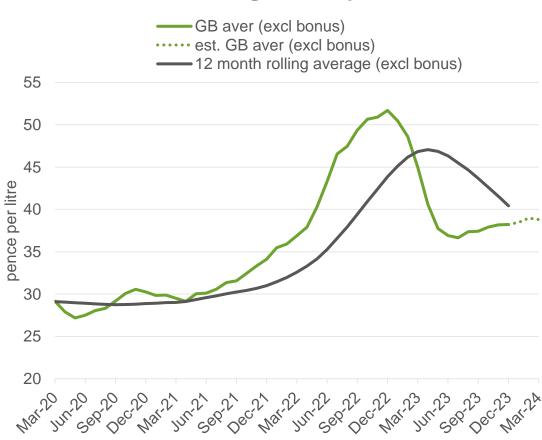


- Additionally:
- Overall inflation on other costs
- Interest rates has hiked cost of borrowing and especially overdraft lending
- Potential for further pressure on inputs as Middle East conflict develops

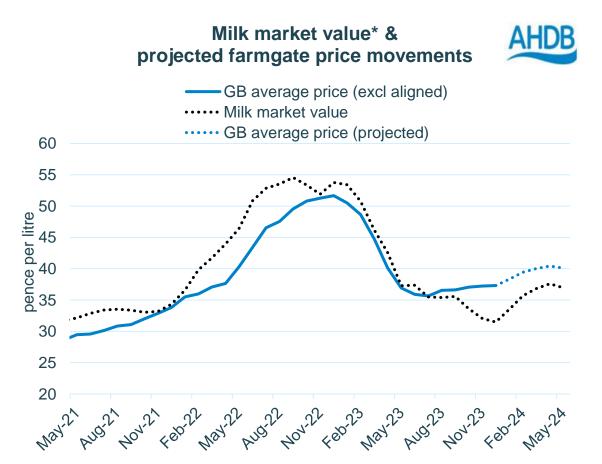
Average milk prices expected to recover slightly based on increasing MMV



GB farmgate milk prices





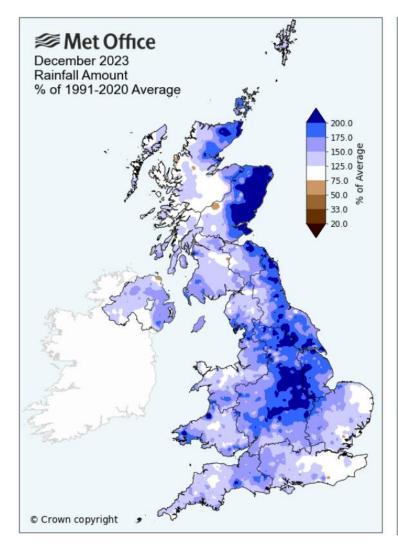


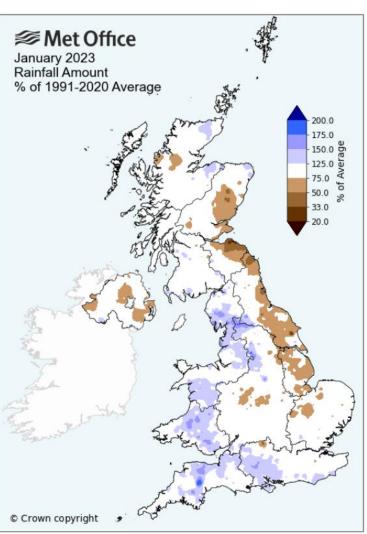
Source: Defra, AHDB

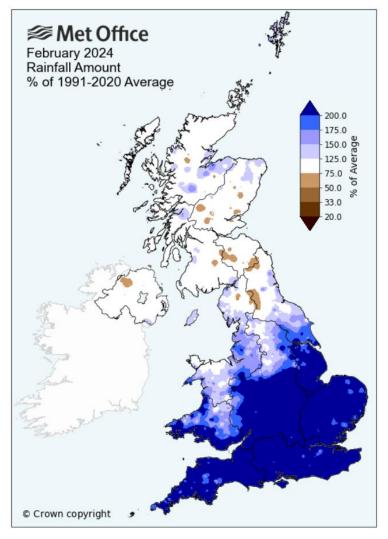
*weighted average AMPE/MCVE (20:80)

The ground remains extremely wet in many regions



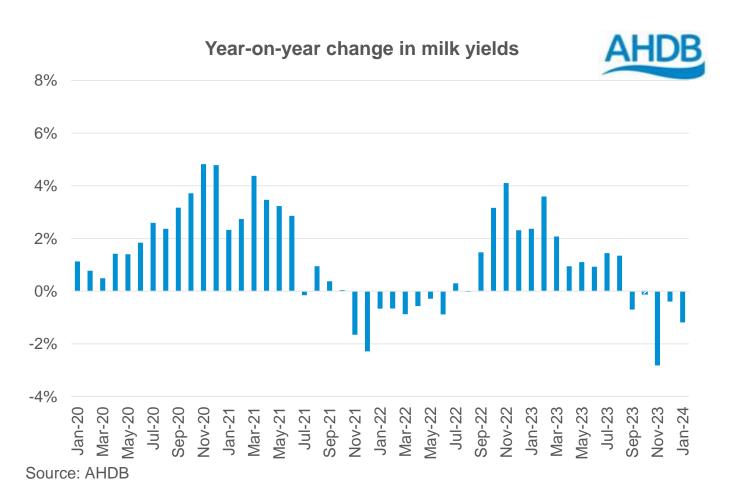








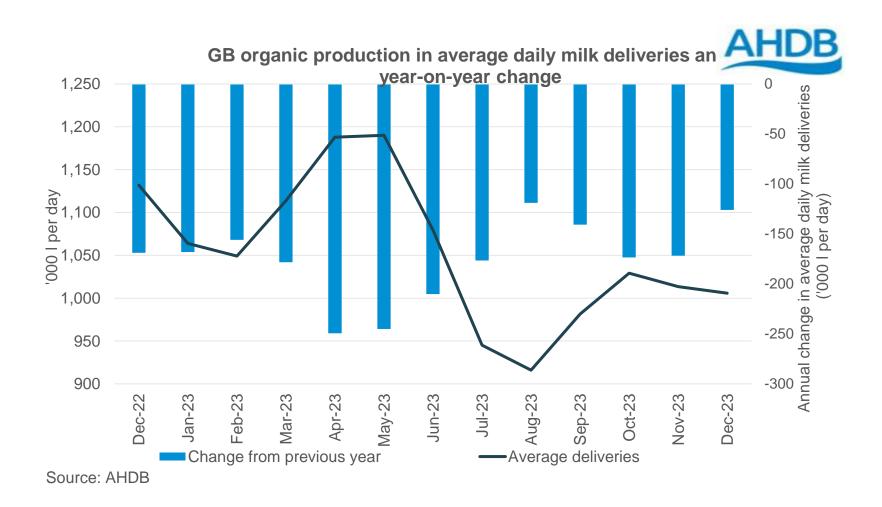
Milk yields



- Higher costs impacted on yields through 2021 and most of 2022
- Higher prices boosted yields in H1 2023
- Prior to this yield drop-off, we had been assuming 2.3% annual growth in yields
- Assumed lower yields of -0.5% from March onwards (new milk year)
- Will the lower yield levels continue later in the year?

Organic production



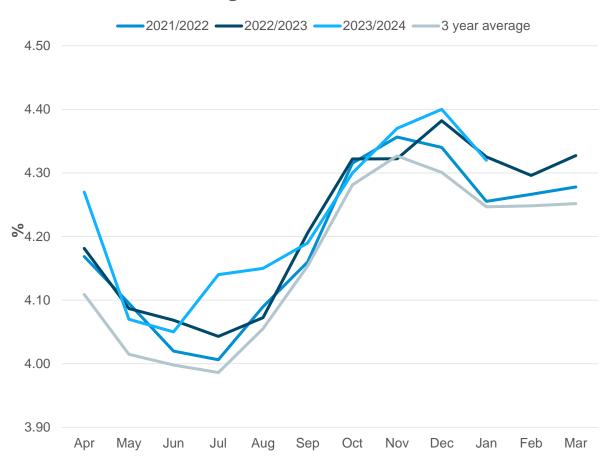


- Milk year to date loss of 52.7mn litres organic milk
- Production back by 14.3% year-on-year
- Accounts for majority of loss in milk volumes last year

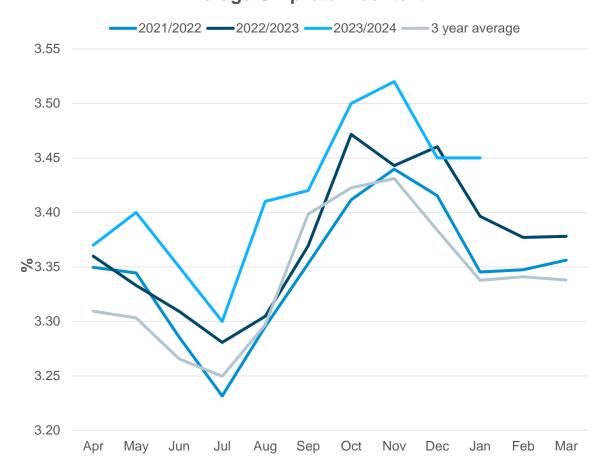
Milk composition: both fat and protein running well ahead of 3 year average



Average UK butterfat content



Average UK protein content



Source: Defra



Costs & yields discussion

- How much are input costs continuing to impact on production decisions? Interest rates?
- How quickly will demand return and support prices?
- What impact will this have on yields in the second half of the year?
- Milk solids vs. volume?
- What are future prospects for organic production?



Latest milk forecast

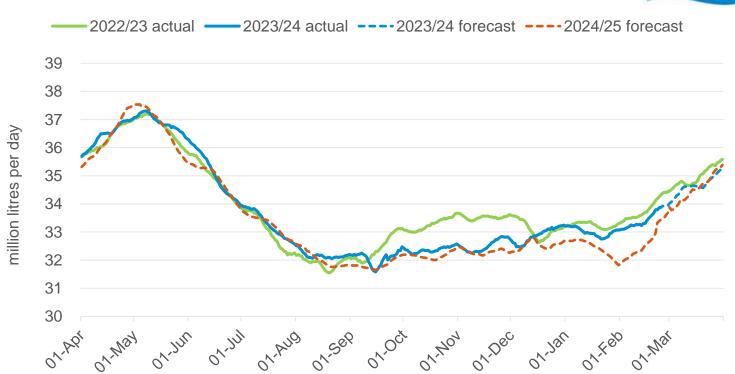




GB milk production – March forecast 2023/24

GB milk production (Mar-24 prelim forecast)





- 2023/24 estimate
 12,315m litres, down -0.6% on 22/23
- 2024/25 forecast
 12,215m litres, down -0.8% on 23/24
- Yields likely to increase in the first half and gradually decline in the second half.
- Yield growth to pace up slightly ahead of the flush.

Source: AHDB



Contributors' forecasts

All contributors

year on year change	Q2 2024	Q3 2024	Q4 2024	Q1 2025
up more than 4%				
up 3-4%				
up 2-3%				
up 1-2%	1		1	
up 0-1%	1	2	1	3
unchanged	4	6	5	6
down 0-1%	4	2	2	
down 1-2%			1	1
down 2-3%				
AHDB forecast	-0.4%	-0.6%	-0.8%	-1.1%

Processor contributors

year on year change	Q2 2024	Q3 2024	Q4 2024	Q1 2025
up more than 4%				
up 3-4%				
up 2-3%				
up 1-2%	1		1	
up 0-1%	1	1		2
unchanged	2	2	2	2
down 0-1%		1	1	
down 1-2%				
down 2-3%				
AHDB forecast	-0.4%	-0.6%	-0.8%	-1.1%



Preliminary March 2024 forecast

GB milk production forecast - March 2024

m litres	2022/23	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	2024/25	2024/25
	Actuals	Actuals	Forecast	Yr-on-yr	Forecast	Yr-on-yr
Apr	1,094	1,098		0.4%	1,095	-0.3%
May	1,135	1,141		0.6%	1,135	-0.5%
Jun	1,041	1,045		0.4%	1,040	-0.5%
Jul	1,019	1,028		0.8%	1,025	-0.3%
Aug	989	996		0.7%	990	-0.6%
Sep	976	963		-1.3%	955	-0.8%
Oct	1,033	1,004		-2.8%	1,000	-0.4%
Nov	1,006	976		-2.9%	970	-0.6%
Dec	1,025	1,021		-0.4%	1,010	-1.1%
Jan	1,031	1,023		-0.8%	1,005	-1.8%
Feb	950	940		-1.0%	920	-2.1%
Mar	1,088		1,080	-0.7%	1,070	-0.9%
Year	12,386		12,315	-0.6%	12,215	-0.8%

Source: AHDB

Notes: Figures in red are forecasts. A 28-day equivalent is used for Feb-24

- Preliminary forecast update puts production at 12.22bn litres for 2023/24, -0.8% down on 2022/23
- Higher than December forecast -63m litres) due to higher than expected yields
- Decline accelerates towards end of the year due to decline in herd size and falling yields
- Official forecast to be published later this month



Milk forecast discussion

- General thoughts on the provisional forecast
- How will farmers react to market uncertainty? Higher input costs and stable milk prices?
- Are there any long-term issues hiding behind the short-term challenges?



Next steps

- Publish the background information from the meeting
- Review feedback
- Forecasts:
 - Baseline
 - Scenarios
- Analysis and feedback:
 - Track costs/milk price balance
 - Yields are largest uncertainty



Where to find AHDB market information

Click on each logo or highlighted text to go straight to the AHDB website. Email mi@ahdb.org.uk with any subscription requests.



For the latest market news and up-to-date price reports, head to the <u>Beef</u> and <u>Lamb</u> market pages. Or subscribe to <u>Cattle and Sheep Weekly</u> for the best info straight to your inbox.



The website has a wealth of resources available from our <u>markets homepage</u> including a <u>daily update on grain markets</u>. The <u>supply and demand section</u> is a key resource for the market whilst the latest surveys detail <u>planting and variety</u> trends.



The <u>Dairy markets homepage</u> will signpost you to the industry data, analysis and insights from the dairy sector to help inform your business decisions. Our industry experts will guide you through the <u>market movements</u> and provide a clear, impartial view on what it all means.



The <u>latest pig prices</u>, and industry essential <u>trade data</u>, are the cornerstones of the Pork market website pages. There is also the <u>latest analysis</u> and <u>insight</u> to provide you with a clear and impartial view.



Our <u>trade and policy</u> resources focus on the future changes in domestic policy and trading relationships to help farmers and growers explore how these will affect their business. There is also a dedicated <u>Consumer and Retail Insight</u> team who look at the needs of the modern consumer as well as their attitudes towards cooking, buying and eating food.

