

Saltburn Monitor Farm report

Launch meeting Date: 6 June 2017 Venue: Barns Farm (Saltburn Monitor Farm)

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John Aynsley, monitor farmer

Summary of launch meeting

- Overview of the Monitor Farm concept
- Discussion of farm background, enterprises, current rotation and cultivation practices
- The direction for soil management at the monitor farm
- Farm business management and benchmarking
- SWOT analysis and discussion of winter meetings programme.

Saltburn Monitor Farm – current position (John Aynsley, Monitor Farmer & David Coates, agronomist)

- Over the last six years (since moving here), changes have been made to a large part of the arable enterprise
- Previously continuous winter wheat
- No ploughing for 10 years
- Current arable cropping consists of wheat, barley and oilseed rape, all winter sown
- New rotation includes WB WW OSR
- Still an area of arable enterprise to focus on 250 acres of continuous wheat on poorer land
- Other cropping consists of grassland and moorland
- Livestock enterprises:
- 700 stabiliser cattle (440 Spring-calving cows; 220 bulling heifers and finishing bulls)
- 3400 sheep (including 900 Lleyn ewes and 1900 this year's lambs)
- Eight full time staff
- Particular challenges the farm would like to address:
 - Which rotation gives the best profit without compromising the soil?
 - \circ Control of sterile brome
 - o Is precision technology providing value for money?



Soil management at Saltburn Monitor Farm – Steve Townsend (soil management consultant and Monitor Farm steering group member)

- Soil management is central to farm profitability
- Arable soils generally are worn out lack of organic matter
- The carbon in organic matter is vital for soil structure
- Treat the carbon in the soil as a bank account put more in each year than you take out
- Organic matter can be lost from soils by over cultivation and lack of growing crop
- Ploughing releases large amounts of carbon and nitrogen into the atmosphere
- Loss of organic matter can be reduced by growing cover crops as an alternative to grass in the rotation
- Minimising soil disturbance and maintaining ground cover can help to make soils weather proof

For more information on AHDB soil research, use the links below:

- Soil research <u>website</u>
- Soil research projects
- GREATSOILS website

Importance of financial management – Ali Gray (ACS Grays; Monitor Farm steering group member)

- Huge variation across the industry in net farm income
- Net farm income of the *top third* of arable businesses is *50-60%* above the average (from Askham Bryan survey data 2015/2016)
- Measuring the performance of your own business is key to understanding where improvements can be made
- Think about the longer term objectives of your business what can be done better and where can you make changes?





SWOT Analysis – carried out by whole group

Strengths

- Management experience
- Enthusiasm
- Knowledge
- Listening
- Open-minded / willing to try
- Vision
- Clear objectives
- Benchmarking
- Timeliness
- Mixed farming (livestock)
- Soil management
- Size / land available
- Diversity
- Muck available (livestock)
- Staff
- Scale buying power
- Open minded
- Good fertility
- Good trading location

Opportunities

- Mixed farming livestock integration
- More available land?
- Grass/stock available for further weed management
- Close to public/consumers
- Access to technical expertise
- Building land
- Brexit
- New markets
- Expand sheep
- Partnership working
- Open-minded
- Share experiences
- Change the soil
- Diversification
- Room for expansion
- Monitor farm
- Trial new techniques
- Precision technologies

Weaknesses

- Grass weed control
- Rotation (barley/brome; only three crops in rotation)
- Road work / distance / spread of land
- Small fields
- Urban fringe
- Not ring fenced
- Soil type
- Lack of buildings/infrastructure for livestock
- Reliance on agricultural chemicals
- Lack of knowledge
- Window of opportunity
- Climate

Threats

- Sterile brome
- Grass weeds in a no till system
- Post-Brexit agricultural policy
- Unknown future subsidies / BPS future?
- Market volatility / Price stability
- Reliance on Ensus
- Legislation
- Environmental issues
- Loss of actives
- Short season
- Shortage of skilled staff
- Slugs
- Urban fringe
- Weather / climate change

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Focus areas for winter meetings programme

- Grass weed control / brome control
- Rotation options (bringing cover crops and protein crops into rotation)
- Impact of cover crops
- Livestock feed against bought in protein •
- Establishment and cost of establishment
- Slug control ٠
- Weed control
- Seed rates
- Muck incorporation •
- Control of fixed costs •
- Machinery costs (fixed cost analysis) •
- Stewardship areas
- Soil health .
- Soil chemistry •
- Marketing •
- Varieties
- Combined bulk buying
- Precision

AHDB Cereals & Oilseeds – useful links

Farmbench

For benchmarking your farm business: https://farmbench.ahdb.org.uk/

To join the monitor farm Arable Business Group (benchmarking), please ensure we have your correct contact details

AHDB Cereals & Oilseeds Tools

Grain Market Daily cereals.ahdb.org.uk/markets

Crop Research News cereals.ahdb.org.uk/newsletters

Pest and disease forecasts cereals.ahdb.org.uk/monitoring

Podcast cereals.ahdb.org.uk/podcast



Inside the January edition o Crop Research News.



AHDB Cereals & Oils podcast

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Next meetings

Date*	Торіс
End of October / early November	Rotations, controlling grass weeds, and soil chemistry
December	Varieties (using the Recommended List) and Marketing
January	Controlling fixed costs
February/March	Precision farming – getting the best out of the information

*all dates yet to be confirmed

To attend a meeting, please contact your AHDB Cereals & Oilseeds Knowledge Exchange Manager:

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