

Meat purchasing guide

**Eighth edition** March 2019

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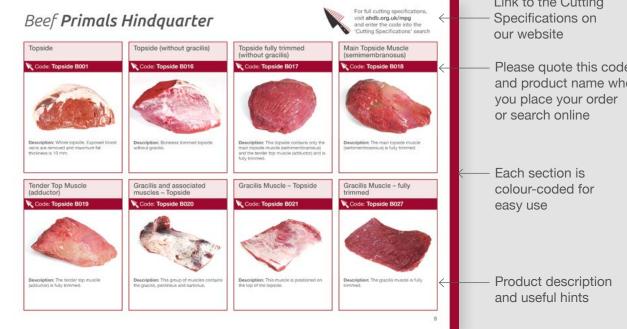
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The information in this booklet was compiled by Dick van Leeuwen.

### How to use this guide



Link to the Cutting

Please quote this code and product name when

### Cutting specifications

Our website contains our entire range of step-by-step cutting specifications that your supplier can use.

Visit ahdb.org.uk/mpg



Quality and consistency for the meat industry



66 Meeting the demands of the meat buyer 99

Dick van Leeuwen

Lifestyle changes and the increasing demand from the discerning consumer have led to tremendous changes and pressures on the red meat industry in terms of product integrity and consistency.

This, coupled with more and more meat products and specifications being readily available in the retail and catering marketplace, has resulted in varying degrees of product inconsistency and standards. The variations inherent in meat carcases and processing methods have also contributed to these inconsistencies.

With this in mind, AHDB has developed a completely new specification and coding for beef, veal, lamb, mutton and pork products.

The specifications in the guide are clear and concise. They include codes for each product and a step-by-step guide on the processing procedures and techniques.

visit ahdb.org.uk/mep

Born in Holland, Dick van Leeuwen did his training at the widely acclaimed Utrecht School of butchery and he is now acknowledged as a leading authority in butchery skills and meat processing.

Dick has worked in retail outlets, processing plants and at the Meat and Livestock Commission, where he developed many new products and cutting techniques and, for the last 15 years, for AHDB Beef & Lamb, primarily with abattoirs, processors and specialist butchers.

He has produced various meat-cutting publications to assist butchers and caterers to improve quality and consistency. by using the latest seam-butchery techniques.

In 2007, Dick launched the Cutting Specification Manual and Meat Purchasing Guide, which have been widely embraced throughout the industry and are now recognised as the encyclopedias for meat cuts.

Recently recognised by world-renowned meat scientist, Dr Chris Calkins, as "the finest meat publication I have ever seen", Dick continues to develop new products to add to these publications.

Dick's most recent initiative was to develop the free-to-use Meat Education Programme, which has already been incorporated into many of the large processing plants' internal training programmes.

For more information about the Meat Education Programme,



### Higher standards, better returns

The Quality Standard Mark Scheme was launched in October 2004 to enhance market conditions. The scheme has now strengthened its specifications for beef, veal and lamb to improve efficiency, add value in the supply chain and guarantee enhanced eating quality. The scheme provides consumers with assured beef, veal and lamb from the farm to point of purchase, providing provenance and integrity throughout the supply chain. The standards and specifications cover farm assurance and quality assurance throughout the supply chain, including animal age, carcase specifications, maturation, eating quality and care for the environment.









#### Specifications for Quality Standard Mark beef

- Females under the age of 36 months are acceptable. They must not have been used for breeding or be in-calf they must not be pregnant
- Steers under the age of 36 months are acceptable
- Carcases must have a fat class of between 2–4H and have a conformation of E–O+
- For qualifying livestock 30 months or under: Maturation of 7 days is required on primals used for frying, roasting and grilling (from slaughter to the final consumer)
- For qualifying livestock aged between 30–36 months: Maturation of 14 days is required on primals used for frying, roasting and grilling (from slaughter to the final consumer). Alternatively, one of the post-slaughter processes to enhance tenderness, as outlined in 'AHDB Beef & Lamb Guidance to Meat Quality', can be used, i.e. hip bone suspension or electrical stimulation, plus the standard 7-day maturation, as outlined for cattle under 30 months
- Bulls must be no older than 16 months at slaughter. Primals used for frying, roasting and grilling must be subject to a minimum 14 days maturation (from slaughter to the final consumer)
- Meat from young cattle is subject to specific labelling requirements, based on age at slaughter. Meat from such animals must be labelled as either veal or beef, depending on age. Therefore, the Quality Standard Mark veal logo will apply to meat from animals under 8 months of age

#### **Specifications for Quality Standard Mark lamb**

- Females must have no permanent incisors and neither have been used for breeding nor pregnant, i.e. nulliparous, and not pregnant
- Castrated and entire males must have no permanent incisors
- Carcases must have a fat class of between 2–3H and have a conformation of between E–O. An equivalent to classification is acceptable for plants not grading lamb
- Carcases of any acceptable animal slaughtered during the period from 1 January through to 30 April of any year, and born before 1 October of the previous year must be subjected to a minimum of 7 days maturation (and ideally 10 days) from slaughter to the final consumer. Alternatively, one of the post-slaughter processes to enhance tenderness, as outlined in 'AHDB Beef & Lamb Guidance to Meat Quality,' can be used, i.e. Aitch bone suspension or electrical stimulation

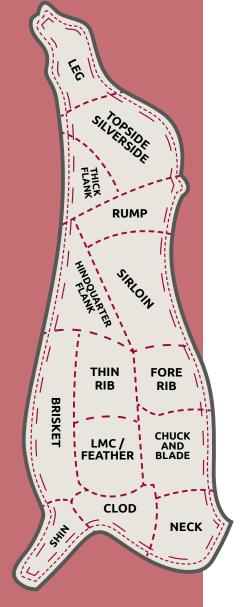
# Red Tractor Farm Assurance Pigs Scheme

The Red Tractor Farm Assurance Pigs Scheme sets out to maintain, develop and promote Assurance standards for the benefit of its members within the pig meat industry. The aim is to provide consumers and retailers with confidence about product quality attributes including food safety, animal welfare and environmental protection.

Assurance schemes such as The Red Tractor and Freedom Foods are widely used in the pig sector as a means of independently assuring animal welfare standards, as well as food safety, hygiene and environmental impact along the supply chain.



### Beef



Conformation is determined by a visual appraisal of shape, taking into account carcase profile and fullness of legs. No adjustment is made for the influence of fat on overall shape.

CONFORMATION CLASS

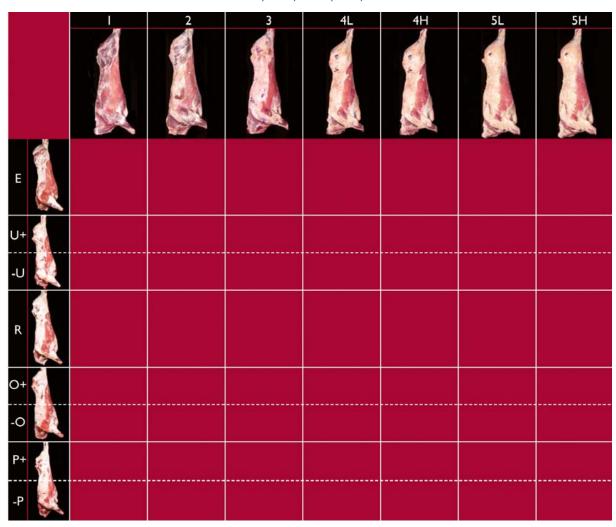
### Carcase classification

Carcase assessment addresses conformation and fat. Fat cover is scored on a 1–5 scale. Conformation is assessed from E to P. Combining scores for conformation and fat determines the markets most suited to cattle.

#### FAT CLASS

Increasing fatness

Fat is determined by visual assessment of external fat cover. There are five main classes. Classes 4 and 5 are subdivided into L (leaner) and H (fatter)



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Code: Topside B001



**Description:** Whole topside. Exposed blood veins are removed and maximum fat thickness is 10 mm.

#### Topside (without gracilis)

Code: Topside B016



**Description:** Boneless trimmed topside without gracilis.

### Topside fully trimmed (without gracilis)

Code: Topside B017



**Description:** This topside contains only the main topside muscle (semimembranosus) and the tender top muscle (adductor) and is fully trimmed.

### Main Topside Muscle (semimembranosus)

Code: Topside B018



**Description:** The main topside muscle (semimembranosus) is fully trimmed.

### Tender Top Muscle (adductor)

Code: Topside B019



**Description:** The tender top muscle (adductor) is fully trimmed.

Gracilis and associated muscles – Topside

Code: Topside B020



**Description:** This group of muscles contains the gracilis, pectineus and sartorius.

Gracilis Muscle - Topside

Code: Topside B021



**Description:** This muscle is positioned on the top of the topside.

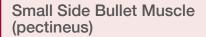
Gracilis Muscle – fully trimmed

Code: Topside B027



**Description:** The gracilis muscle is fully trimmed.





#### Code: Topside B022



**Description:** This muscle is positioned next to the tender top muscle (adductor) and is extremely tender.

### Topside Flap Muscle (sartorius)

#### Code: Topside B023



**Description:** This muscle is positioned between the topside muscles and the thick flank.

#### Thick Flank (Knuckle)

#### Code: Thick Flank B001



**Description:** Rump tail and fat pockets are removed, maximum fat level 10 mm.

#### Pavé Muscle (Vastus Medialis) – Thick Flank

#### Code: Thick Flank B008



**Description:** The pavé muscle from the thick flank is positioned next to the topside and is extremely tender.

#### Femur Muscle (Vastus Intermedius) – Thick Flank

#### Code: Thick Flank B009



**Description:** The femur muscle from the thick flank is positioned next to the femur bone.

#### Centre Cut Muscle (Rectus Femoris) – Thick Flank

#### Code: Thick Flank B010



**Description:** This is the centre muscle from the thick flank, also known as the bullet muscle.

#### Plate Muscle (Vastus Lateralis) – Thick Flank

#### Code: Thick Flank B011



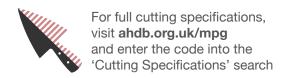
**Description:** The plate muscle from the thick flank is positioned next to the silverside.

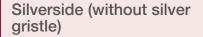
#### Silverside (with silver gristle)

#### Code: Silverside B009



**Description:** Whole silverside and salmon cut. Internal fat pockets are removed but silver gristle remains. Maximum fat level 15 mm.







**Description:** Whole silverside and salmon cut. Internal fat pockets and silver gristle are removed. Maximum fat level 15 mm.

### Silverside (without Salmon Cut)

Code: Silverside B011



**Description:** Whole silverside without the salmon cut. Internal fat pockets and silver gristle are removed. Maximum fat level 15 mm.

### Salmon Cut (Silverside Round)

Code: Silverside B010



Description: Maximum fat level 15 mm.

#### Rump and Loin (bone-in)

#### Code: Rump B001



**Description:** Flank is removed 50 mm from tip of the eye muscle. Sirloin contains 3 ribs.

#### Rib and Loin (bone-in)

#### Code: Sirloin B016



**Description:** Bone-in rib and loin containing 7 rib bones.

### Sirloin and whole Fillet (bone-in)

#### Code: Sirloin B001



Description: Sirloin and whole fillet (bone-in).

#### Rump (with part tail)

#### Code: Rump B002



**Description:** This rump contains a maximum of 50 mm rump tail. Maximum fat thickness is 10 mm.

#### 'D' Rump (without tail)

#### Code: Rump B004



**Description:** This rump contains no rump tail. Maximum fat thickness is 10 mm.





#### Code: Rump B012



**Description:** Maximum fat thickness 10 mm.

#### Rump Cap (Picanha)

#### Code: Rump B015



**Description:** This rump cap muscle/picanha is removed from a traditional rump and is therefore smaller than the rump cap (picanha) – large cut (Code: Rump B016). Fat level not to exceed 10 mm.

### Rump Cap (Picanha) – large cut

#### Code: Rump B016



**Description:** This rump cap muscle/picanha is removed from the silverside in line with the tip of the salmon cut, after the rump muscles have been removed, and is a longer cut than the rump cap (picanha) Code: Rump B015. Fat level not to exceed 10 mm.

#### Prime Rump

#### Code: Rump B018



Description: This rump has the cap muscle/ picanha (Code: Rump B015) and the bistro muscle (Code: Rump B019) removed. Fat level not to exceed 10 mm.

#### Rump Bistro Muscle

#### Code: **Rump B019**



**Description:** This premium muscle comes from the most tender part of the rump and contains no gristle.

#### Striploin

#### Code: Sirloin B002



**Description:** A 3-rib boneless sirloin with the flank removed 40 mm from the tip of the eye muscle. 25 mm backstrap is removed and fat level is not to exceed 10 mm.

#### Larder Trim Sirloin

#### Code: Sirloin B015



**Description:** A 3-rib boneless sirloin with the flank removed 25 mm from the tip of the eye muscle. 60 mm backstrap is removed and fat level is not to exceed 5 mm.

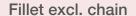
#### Fillet

#### Code: Fillet B001



**Description:** Whole fillet with chain. External fat and discoloured tissue removed.





#### Code: Fillet B002



**Description:** Whole fillet without chain. External fat and discoloured tissue removed.

### Rump Fillet with silver gristle and chain muscle

#### Code: Fillet B011



**Description:** This is the head of the fillet (rump end) with the chain, trimmed of all fat but silver gristle remains.

#### **Rump Fillet**

#### Code: Fillet B009



**Description:** This is the head of the fillet (rump end) without the chain, trimmed of all fat but silver gristle remains.

### Loin Fillet with silver gristle and chain muscle

#### Code: Fillet B012



**Description:** This is part of the fillet that is attached to the sirloin end with the chain, trimmed of all fat but silver gristle remains.

#### Loin Fillet

#### Code: Fillet B010



**Description:** This is part of the fillet that is attached to the sirloin end, without the chain, trimmed of all fat but silver gristle remains.

#### Heel Muscle

#### Code: **Leg B001**



**Description:** The heel muscle is trimmed of excess fat. This muscle is ideal for slow cooking and is similar to shin meat.

### Heel Muscles for Pavé (Gastrocnemius)

#### Code: **Leg B002**



**Description:** These two muscles are extremely tender and suitable for Pavés.

For this cut, the heel muscle should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Pencil Muscle

#### Code: **Leg B003**

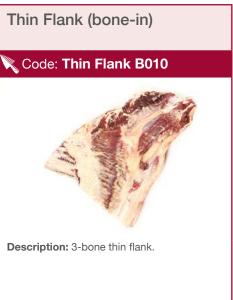


**Description:** This muscle is part of the heel muscle and is similar to the shin muscle structure.



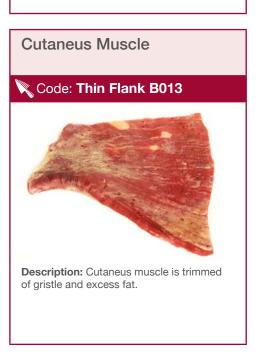




















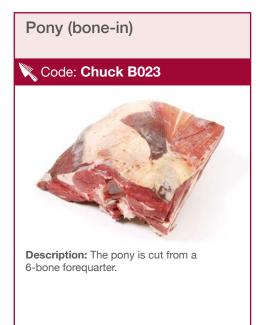


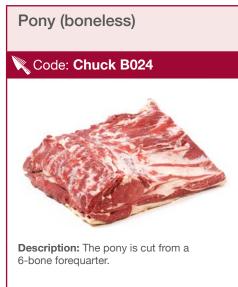


### Beef **Primals Forequarter** Individual shoulder muscles

For step by step instructions on remove	ving, de-boning and seam cutting the beef	shoulder, refer to the cutting specifications	codes: FQ B001, FQ B002 and FQ B003.
1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	Description: Code:
			1 Blade (Chuck Tender) Chuck B008 2 Feather Chuck B010 3 LMC (single muscle) LMC B001 4 Baby LMC FQ B004 5 Underblade Muscle Chuck B021 6 Underblade Fillet Chuck B022 7 Fore Shin Shin B003 8 Needle Shin B008 9 Clod Shin Muscle Shin B011 10 Clod Flat Muscle FQ B006 11 Shoulder Brisket Muscle FQ B008

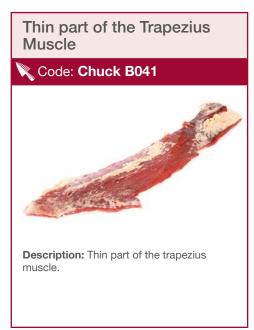




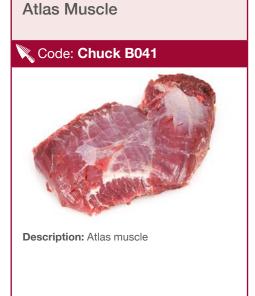


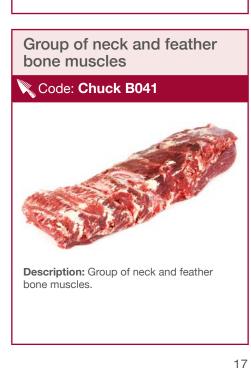




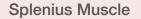












#### Code: Chuck B041



**Description:** Splenius muscle.

### Denver Muscle (Serratus ventralis)

#### Code: Chuck B034



**Description:** The Denver muscle (serratus ventralis), also called the spider muscle, with discoloured tissue, gristle and excess fat removed.

#### Rhomboideus

#### Code: Chuck B043



**Description:** Rhomboideus muscle fully trimmed.

### Neck and Chuck Eye (bone-in)

#### Code: Chuck B042



Description: Neck and chuck eye (bone-in).

### Neck and Chuck Eye (boneless)

#### Code: Chuck B044



Description: Boneless neck and chuck eye.

#### Chuck Roll

#### Code: Chuck B002



**Description:** The chuck roll is a versatile muscle and can be used for a slow-cooked roast, steaks or dice.

#### Chuck Rib on the bone

#### Code: Chuck B032



**Description:** This cut is produced from a bone-in chuck roll, using ribs 4 and 5 counting from the neck.

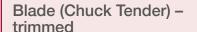
#### Blade (Chuck Tender)

#### Code: Chuck B008



**Description:** The blade is a forequarter muscle and is ideal for slow cooking.





#### Code: Chuck B036



**Description:** All fat and gristle are removed from the outside of the muscle and the centre gristle is also removed.

#### **Feather**

#### Code: Chuck B010



**Description:** The feather is a distinctive muscle with lots of flavour. It contains a thick gristle running through the middle of the joint and, when cooked slowly, the gristle will turn into jelly.

### Feather – split and fully trimmed

#### Code: Chuck B037



**Description:** Separate the feather into two parts by carefully cutting on and along the central gristle sheath. Remove the gristle sheath.

#### LMC (not single muscle)

#### Code: LMC B007



**Description:** A cut from the shoulder with very versatile usage. This cut also contains a part of the feather muscle.

#### LMC (single muscle)

#### Code: **LMC B001**



**Description:** A cut from the shoulder with versatile usage.

### LMC (single muscle) – fully trimmed

#### Code: LMC B010



**Description:** LMC (single muscle) fully trimmed of all fat and connective tissue.

### LMC (thick muscle) – fully trimmed

#### Code: LMC B011



**Description:** LMC (thick muscle) fully trimmed of all fat and connective tissue.

### LMC (triangle muscle) – fully trimmed

#### Code: **LMC B012**



**Description:** LMC (triangle muscle) fully trimmed of all fat and connective tissue.





#### Code: **FQ B004**



Description: This cut is from the shoulder

and is situated next to the LMC.

Baby LMC - fully trimmed

#### Code: **FQ B010**



Description: Baby LMC fully trimmed.

#### Clod Flat Muscle (Brachialis)

#### Code: **FQ B006**



**Description:** This cut is from the shoulder and is situated next to the Baby LMC.

### Shoulder Brisket Muscle (Latissimus dorsi)

#### Code: **FQ B008**



**Description:** This muscle is the extension of the rib cap muscle and is attached to the LMC. The grain of the muscle is similar to the brisket (hence the name).

### Clod Shin Muscle (Biceps brachaii)

#### Code: Shin B011



**Description:** The clod shin is a single muscle from the shoulder with a similar grain to shin, hence the name. It is ideal for slow or sous vide cooking.

#### **Underblade Muscle**

#### Code: Chuck B021



**Description:** When trimmed of all connective tissue, this muscle is very tender and ideal for stir-fry, steaks or pavés.

### Underblade Muscle – fully trimmed

#### Code: Chuck B038



**Description:** All gristle is removed from both sides of the muscle.

#### **Underblade Fillet**

#### Code: Chuck B022



**Description:** When trimmed of all connective tissue, this muscle is very tender and ideal for stir-fry, steaks or pavés.





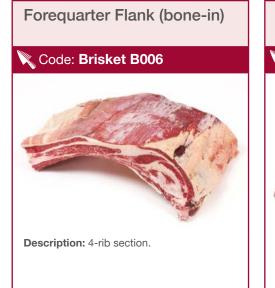


















#### Code: Brisket B014



#### Jacob's Ladder

#### Code: Brisket B015



Description: The Jacob's ladder.

#### Flat Brisket

#### Code: Brisket B001



**Description:** Flat brisket is boneless and highly trimmed, maximum fat thickness 10 mm.

### Brisket PAT (Pectoralis profundus)

#### Code: Brisket B012



**Description:** This is the single brisket muscle with the cap removed. Trimmed of all excess fat and gristle.

### Brisket Cap Muscle (Pectoralis superficialis)

**Description:** Boneless forequarter flank

#### Code: Brisket B013

without intercostal muscles.



**Description:** The cap muscle is a single muscle removed from the brisket and trimmed of all excess fat and gristle. The meat has a coarse texture/grain and needs slow, long cooking.

#### Fore Shin

#### Code: Shin B003



**Description:** Trimmed of excess fat. This muscle is ideal for slow cooking.

### Needle (Extensor carpi radialis)

#### Code: Shin B008



**Description:** The needle is a single muscle situated next to the fore shin muscle and is ideal for braising steaks, slow or sous vide cooking.

#### Needle - fully trimmed

#### Code: Shin B018



**Description:** Needle fully trimmed.



#### 'Premium' Topside Joints

Code: Topside B002



**Description:** A premium topside joint. The loosely attached muscle (gracilis) is removed and only the middle and corner cut of the topside is used. This results in no gristle in the middle of the joint and the cooked slices will not fall apart. 5 mm thick basting fat is added to any lean surface part on top of the joint.

### Topside Joint (without gracilis)

Code: Topside B003



**Description:** The loosely attached muscle (gracilis) is removed and the remainder of the topside is used. 5 mm thick basting fat is added to any lean surface on top of the joint.

#### Topside Joint (traditional)

Code: Topside B004



**Description:** The whole topside is cut into three equal joints. 10 mm thick basting fat is added to any lean surface on top of the joint.

### Topside Joint (without side muscle, fat added)

Code: Topside B005



**Description:** The side muscle of the topside containing internal gristle is removed. A cover of a maximum of 10 mm fat is added to the underside of the joint, resulting in both sides of the topside containing basting fat.

#### 'Premium' Easy Carve Rump Roast

Code: Rump B008



**Description:** A premium rump joint. This rump is cut into three joints of even-sized diameter for easy carving so the slices will not fall apart.

#### 'Premium' Rump Roast

Code: Rump B009



**Description:** The cap of the rump is removed using a seam-cutting method and both joints are rolled. The joints will not have an even diameter slicing face.

#### **Traditional Rump Roast**

Code: Rump B010



**Description:** The whole rump is cut into two even-sized joints and rolled. This joint is more difficult to carve than the 'Premium' Easy Carve Rump Roast version, as slices might fall apart.

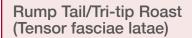
#### 'Premium' Picanha Roast

Code: Rump B007



**Description:** A favourite. Cut from the cap of the rump, a delicious flavoured joint containing a thin layer of scored natural fat.





#### Code: Rump B012



**Description:** Maximum fat thickness 10 mm. Ideal as a premium roasting joint.

### Rump Tail/Tri-tip – fully trimmed

#### Code: Rump B026



**Description:** Fully trimmed rump tail/tri-tip muscle.

#### **Rolled Sirloin**

#### Code: Sirloin B011



**Description:** Prepared from the striploin. Flank is removed 50 mm from the tip of the eye muscle. 25 mm back strap is removed and fat level is not to exceed 10 mm.

#### Sirloin Cannon

#### Code: Sirloin B009



**Description:** Prepared from a 2-rib bone sirloin with the rump ('D' muscle) section removed. The eye muscle is seamed out and fat and gristle removed. The lean eye muscle is then cut lengthways into two cannons.

#### Sirloin Banqueting Roast

#### Code: Sirloin B012



**Description:** A perfect sirloin roast with a consistent smaller diameter slicing face for consistent cooking, easy carving and no plate waste. A cannon of 80 mm diameter is removed. Fat is then rolled back over the remaining sirloin and secured with string.

### Silverside Joint (with added fat)

#### Code: Silverside B002



**Description:** The whole silverside is cut into two equal portions. A 10 mm thick layer of basting fat is added to the lean surface part of the joint.

#### **Aitch Bone Joint**

#### Code: Silverside B014



Description: Aitch bone joint.

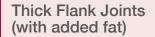
#### **Thick Flank Joints**

#### Code: Thick Flank B002



**Description:** This joint includes part of the rump tail. Maximum natural fat level 10 mm.





#### Code: Thick Flank B003



**Description:** This joint includes part of the rump tail. Basting fat is added to the lean parts on top of the joint. Maximum fat level 10 mm.

#### LMC Roast (without fat)

#### Code: LMC B009



**Description:** Gristle and connective tissue from the outside of the joint and 30 mm of the thickest part of the centre gristle are removed. The remainder is rolled into a joint.

For this cut, the LMC should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### LMC Roast (with added fat)

#### Code: LMC B008



**Description:** Gristle and connective tissue from the outside of the joint and 30 mm of the thickest part of the centre gristle is removed. Basting fat is added to the top and the remainder is rolled into a joint.

For this cut, the LMC should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Fore Rib - bone-in

#### Code: Fore Rib B001



Description: The fore rib contains ribs 7, 8, 9 and 10, counting from the neck upwards. Maximum 60 mm tail and fat thickness 10 mm.

### Fore Rib – bone-in partly chined

#### Code: Fore Rib B004



**Description:** The backbone is partly chined. Maximum 60 mm tail and fat thickness 10 mm.

#### Fore Rib - French Trimmed

#### Code: Fore Rib B002



**Description:** 40 mm of meat is removed to expose rib bones. Chine, feather bones and backstrap are removed. Maximum 60 mm tail and fat thickness 10 mm.

### Fore Rib – French Trimmed oven-prepared

#### Code: Fore Rib B003



**Description:** 40 mm of meat is removed to expose rib bones. Chine, feather bones and backstrap are removed. Feather bones are placed back at the base of the joint before rolling to help it stand up during roasting. Maximum 60 mm tail and fat thickness 10 mm.

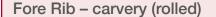
#### Cote de Boeuf - 4-bone

#### Code: Fore Rib B020



**Description:** The Cote de Boeuf is produced from the fore rib with the cap removed. The rib bones should be exposed from the tip of the eye muscle.







backstrap are removed. Maximum 75 mm

### 'Premium' Fore Rib – boned and rolled



**Description:** A premium boneless fore rib with the cap muscle seamed back to expose internal fat pockets, which are removed. Maximum 60 mm tail. The rib is rolled and an additional two strings placed lengthways to help the joint to stay in shape during cooking. Maximum fat thickness 10 mm.

#### Fore Rib - boned and rolled



**Description:** A boneless rolled fore rib with a maximum 60 mm tail. Maximum fat thickness 10 mm.

#### 'King Arthur's' Beef Roast





**Description:** Prepared from the chuck eye roll with the cap of the fore rib added.

#### Chuck Rib on the bone

#### Code: Chuck B032

tail and fat thickness 10 mm.



**Description:** This cut is produced from a bone-in chuck roll, using ribs 4 and 5, counting from the neck.

#### **Chuck Eye Joint**



**Description:** A cylindrical joint, an ideal economy joint for slow cooking.

#### Chuck Eye 'Centre Cut' Joint

#### Code: Chuck B026



**Description:** This joint has a smaller diameter than the chuck eye joint and is ideal for a slow roast.

#### **Brisket Joint**

#### Code: Brisket B002



**Description:** All bone, cartilage and fat deposits are removed from the brisket. The joint is then rolled ready to be cut into the required size. Maximum fat thickness 5 mm.





**Description:** This joint needs slow cooking.

#### Feather - extra trimmed

#### Code: Chuck B011



**Description:** The feather is a distinctive muscle with lots of flavour. It contains a thick gristle running through the middle of the joint and, when cooked slowly, the gristle will turn into jelly.

#### Flat Iron Roast

#### Code: Chuck B015



**Description:** Cut from a seam cut feather muscle, from which all fat and centre gristle are removed. The remaining lean meat produces a very tender flavoursome roast.



### Beef Mini Roasting Joints



### Topside Mini Joints (with added fat)

#### Code: Topside B006



**Description:** The loosely attached muscle (gracilis) is removed and the remainder of the topside prepared into mini joints. 5 mm thick basting fat is added to the lean surface on top of the joint. The diameter of the joint is approx 60–70 mm.

### Silverside Mini Joints (with added fat)

#### Code: Silverside B003



**Description:** All connective tissue and gristle are removed from the silverside. The remainder is cut into mini joints and a 5 mm layer of fat is added and secured with roasting bands. The diameter of the joint is approx 60–70 mm.

For this cut the silverside should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

### Silverside Mini Joint (extra lean)

#### Code: Silverside B015



**Description:** All fat, gristle and connective tissue is removed from the silverside. The remainder is cut into logs before being cut into mini joints of approximately 500 g. The diameter of the joint is approximately 60–70 mm.

For this product, the silverside must be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Mini Joints (LMC)

#### Code: LMC B005



**Description:** Produced from the LMC muscle, which is seam cut to remove all gristle and connective tissue. The remainder is cut into mini joints and secured with roasting bands. The diameter of the joint is approx 60–70 mm.

For this cut, the LMC should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Mini Joints (Brisket)

#### Code: Brisket B003



**Description:** All bone, cartilage and fat deposits are removed from the brisket. The joint is then cut into mini joints of required weights and secured with roasting bands. The diameter of the joint is approx 60–70 mm. Maximum fat thickness 5 mm.

#### Mini Joints 'Centre Cut'

#### Code: Thick Flank B005



**Description:** These joints are produced from the tender centre muscle of the thick flank. These joints are totally lean, without any gristle.

For this cut, the thick flank should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Picanha Roast (portions)

#### Code: Rump B007



**Description:** Cut from the cap muscle of the rump. Delicious flavoured portions containing a thin layer of scored natural fat. Weight range 125–200 g for individual portions or 375–450 g for two larger portions.

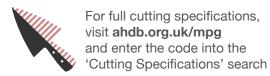
#### Rump Tail/Tri-tip Mini Joint

#### Code: **Rump B020**



**Description:** This cut is situated next to the rump and makes an ideal roasting joint. A very popular cut in Brazil.

For this product, the rump tail should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.





#### Code: Fillet B003



**Description:** A premium fillet steak, because only the centre of the fillet is eligible for this steak. All gristle, the chain, tail and head of the fillet are removed. All steaks have a minimum diameter of 60 mm.

### 'Extra trim' Fillet Steaks (excl. chain trimmed head)

#### Code: Fillet B004



**Description:** All gristle, the chain, head chain, loose hanging part of the head and the tail are removed from the fillet. This results in a solid muscle, which can be cut into steaks of required weight.

### Fillet Steaks (with chain excl. silver gristle)

#### Code: Fillet B005



**Description:** The chain is left on but silver gristle is removed. The remainder is cut into steaks. The tail is removed so that steaks have a minimum diameter of 60 mm.

#### Fillet Steak Standard

#### Code: Fillet B006



**Description:** This fillet contains the chain and the silver gristle; the remainder is cut into steaks. The tail is removed so that steaks have a minimum diameter of 60 mm.

#### **Spatchcock Fillet**

#### Code: Fillet B013



**Description:** Prepared from the fillet tail and butterfly cut.

#### Fillet Steak on the bone

#### Code: Fillet B014



**Description:** Maximum thickness of the bones 25 mm.

#### Fillet Tail on the bone

#### Code: Fillet B015



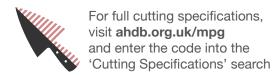
**Description:** Maximum thickness of the bones 25 mm.

#### Rump Fillet

#### Code: Fillet B008



**Description:** The head of the fillet (rump end) and the chain removed and trimmed of all fat, gristle and connective tissue.





#### Code: Fillet B008



**Description:** The fillet that is attached to the sirloin. The chain and tail are removed and the remainder is trimmed of all fat, gristle and connective tissue.

#### Fillet Tail

#### Code: Fillet B008



**Description:** The tail end of the fillet trimmed of all fat, gristle and connective tissue.

#### Rump Fillet with silver gristle

#### Code: Fillet B009



**Description:** The head of the fillet (rump end) without the chain, trimmed of all fat but silver gristle remains.

#### Loin Fillet with silver gristle

#### Code: Fillet B010



**Description:** This is the part of the fillet that is attached to the sirloin. With the tail but without the chain. Trimmed of all fat but silver gristle remains.

### Rump Fillet with silver gristle and chain muscle

#### Code: Fillet B011



**Description:** The head of the fillet (rump end) with the chain left on. Trimmed of all fat but silver gristle remains.

### Loin Fillet with silver gristle and chain muscle

#### Code: Fillet B012



**Description:** This is the part of the fillet that is attached to the sirloin. With the tail and chain. Trimmed of all fat but silver gristle remains.

### 'Premium' Sirloin Cannon Steaks

#### Code: Sirloin B010



**Description:** Prepared from a 2-rib bone sirloin with the rump ('D' muscle) section removed. The eye muscle is seamed out and fat and gristle removed. The lean eye muscle is cut lengthways into two cannons, which can then be cut into premium cannon steaks.

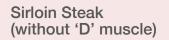
#### 'Premium' Sirloin Steaks

#### Code: Sirloin B003



**Description:** Only the centre of the sirloin is eligible for this premium steak. The rib and rump ('D' muscle) section are removed. Maximum 25 mm tail, chain and 70 mm wide backstrap is removed. Maximum fat thickness 8 mm.







**Description:** Prepared from a 2-rib bone sirloin with the rump ('D' muscle) section removed. 70 mm wide backstrap is removed. 25 mm tail and fat thickness 10 mm maximum.

#### Sirloin Steak 'Extra Trim'

#### Code: Sirloin B005



**Description:** Prepared from a 2-rib bone sirloin. 70 mm wide backstrap is removed. 25 mm tail and fat thickness 10 mm maximum.

#### Sirloin Larder Trim

#### Code: Sirloin B015



**Description:** A 3-rib sirloin with 25 mm tail. 60 mm back strap is removed and fat level is not to exceed 5 mm.

#### Sirloin Steak Standard Trim

#### Code: Sirloin B006



**Description:** A 3-rib sirloin. Flank is removed 50 mm from the tip of the eye muscle. 25 mm backstrap is removed and fat level is not to exceed 10–15 mm.

#### Sirloin 'Sandwich' Steaks

#### Code: Sirloin B007



**Description:** Thinly cut steaks from the sirloin-rump ('D' muscle) section. 25 mm tail and fat thickness 10 mm maximum.

#### **Top Sirloin Pavé**

#### Code: Sirloin B013



**Description:** Seam cut from the rump end of the sirloin with the natural thin layer of fat still attached. All gristle is removed. Ideal as a single portion.

#### Lower Sirloin Pavé

#### Code: Sirloin B014



**Description:** Seam cut from the rump end of the sirloin with all gristle and fat removed. Can be used for pavés, minute steaks or stir-fry.

#### Rib Eye Steaks

#### Code: Fore Rib B008



**Description:** Cut from the eye muscle of the fore rib. Maximum fat thickness 10 mm.







#### **T-bone Steaks**



**Description:** Prepared from the 4-vertebrae section counting from the rump. 25 mm tail and fat thickness 10 mm maximum.

#### Bone-In Porterhouse Steak



**Description:** This steak is prepared from the 3-bone rib section of the sirloin.

#### Bone-In Sirloin Steak



**Description:** Prepared from the sirloin without the rib section.

#### Tomahawk Steak

#### Code: Fore Rib B018



**Description:** These steaks are produced from the fore rib with the cap removed. The rib bone should be exposed 200 mm from the eye muscle.

#### Cote de Boeuf - single bone

#### Code: Fore Rib B019



**Description:** The Cote de Boeuf is produced from the fore rib with the cap removed. The rib bone should be exposed from the tip of the eye muscle.

#### Club Steaks

#### Code: Fore Rib B010



**Description:** Prepared from the fore rib. Each steak contains half a rib bone.

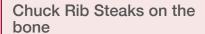
#### Back Rib Steaks on the bone

#### Code: Chuck B031



**Description:** Produced from ribs 4, 5 and 6 of the forequarter.





#### Code: Chuck B030



**Description:** Produced from the first 3 ribs of the forequarter and ideal for slow or sous vide cooking.

#### **Traditional Rump Steaks**

#### Code: Rump B006



**Description:** For this steak, the rump is used as a whole and cut into steaks. Because the rump consists of more than one muscle and the grain of the meat runs in different directions, the steaks can fall apart or have inconsistent eating qualities.

#### 'Premium' Bistro Rump Steaks

#### Code: Rump B003



**Description:** This premium lean steak is cut from the most tender part of the rump; it contains no gristle and leaves no plate waste.

#### 'Premium' Bistro Rump Steaks - Thin Cut

#### Code: Rump B023



**Description:** Premium bistro rump steaks – thin cut.

#### 'Premium' Prime Rump Steaks

#### Code: Rump B003



**Description:** This premium steak is cut from the centre part of the rump. The benefit is that a layer of thick gristle is removed and, because it is single muscle, the steak will not fall apart.

### Prime Rump Steaks – Thin Cut

#### Code: Rump B022



Description: Prime rump steaks - thin cut.

#### Rump and Picanha Steaks

#### Code: Rump B005



**Description:** The cap of the rump is separated from the rump. The silver gristle is removed from the cap muscle. Both muscles are cut into steaks of the required weight. The benefits are that the steaks will not fall apart and the cap (picanha) can be cut across the grain and is, therefore, more tender.

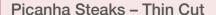
#### Picanha Steak

#### Code: Rump B013



**Description:** Cut from the cap of the rump. In traditional rump steak, it is cut along the grain but, in this case, cut across the grain and is, therefore, more tender to eat.





## Code: Rump B024

Description: Picanha Steaks - Thin Cut.

#### Picanha Steak - large cut

#### Code: **Rump B017**



**Description:** This rump cap muscle/picanha is removed from the silverside in line with the tip of the salmon cut, after the rump muscles have been removed and is a longer cut than the rump cap (picanha) Code: Rump B015. Fat level not to exceed 10 mm.

For this steak, the cap/picanha should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Picanha Roast (portions)

#### Code: Rump B007



**Description:** Cut from the cap muscle of the rump. Delicious flavoured portions containing a thin layer of scored natural fat.

#### Tri-Tip Steaks

#### Code: **Rump B021**



**Description:** This cut is situated next to the rump and makes a very flavoursome steak. A very popular cut in Brazil.

For this product, the rump tail should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Tri-Tip Steaks - Thin Cut

#### Code: **Rump B025**



**Description:** Tri-Tip Steaks – Thin Cut. **For this product, the rump tail should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.** 

#### Flat Iron Steaks

#### Code: Chuck B013



**Description:** Cut from a seam cut feather muscle, of which all fat and centre gristle are removed. The remaining lean meat produces a very flavoursome grilling/frying steak.

For this product, the feather should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### 'Centre Cut' Steaks

#### Code: Thick Flank B005



**Description:** These steaks are produced from the tender centre muscle of the thick flank. These steaks are totally lean, without any gristle and suitable for grilling/frying.

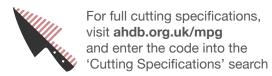
For this cut, the thick flank should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

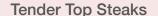
#### 'Centre Cut' Steaks -Thin Cut

#### Code: Thick Flank B012



**Description:** Centre Cut Steaks – Thin Cut. For this cut, the thick flank should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.





#### Code: Topside B015



**Description:** The topside is separated into the two main muscles and the side muscle (bullet) is used for tender top steaks.

For this cut, the topside should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Tender Top Steaks - Thin Cut

#### Code: Topside B011



**Description:** Slice the tender top muscle across the grain and evenly at 5 mm intervals to produce tender top steaks – thin cut.

For this cut, the topside should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### 'Premium' Bistro Topside Steaks

#### Code: Topside B025

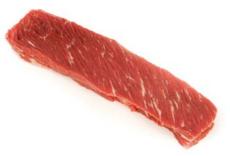


**Description:** Premium bistro topside steaks.

For this cut, the topside should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### **Denver Steak**

#### Code: Chuck B025



**Description:** This steak is prepared from a single muscle out of the chuck. Succulent and full of flavour.

For this product, the spider muscle (serratus ventralis) must be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

### Denver Steak (large, cut across the grain)

#### Code: Chuck B045



**Description:** This steak is prepared from a single muscle out of the chuck. Succulent and full of flavour.

For this product, the spider muscle (serratus ventralis) must be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

### Denver Steaks – Thin Cut (cut across the grain)

#### Code: Chuck B035



**Description:** Denver steaks – thin cut (cut across the grain).

For this product, the spider muscle (serratus ventralis) must be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

### Denver Steak (cut across the grain)

#### Code: Chuck B040



**Description:** Denver steak (cut across the grain).

For this product, the spider muscle (serratus ventralis) must be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Ranch Steaks (extra lean)

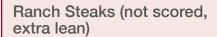
#### Code: Topside B010



**Description:** The gracilis and the bullet muscle (tender top steaks) are removed from the topside. The remainder is trimmed of all connective tissue and fat before being cut into logs and then into small ranch steaks of 100–150 g. The steaks are of small diameter.

For this cut, the topside should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.





#### Code: Topside B028



**Description:** The gracilis and the bullet muscle (tender top steaks) are removed from the topside. The remainder is trimmed of all connective tissue excess fat (5 mm max.) before being cut into ranch steaks. The steaks are of large diameter.

For this cut, the topside should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Ranch Steaks

#### Code: Topside B009



**Description:** The loosely attached muscle (gracilis) is removed and the remainder of the topside is trimmed of all connective tissue. A thin layer of natural fat is left, 5 mm max. The steaks are of large diameter.

For this cut, the topside should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Ranch Steaks - Thin Cut

#### Code: Topside B024



Description: Ranch steaks – Thin Cut.

For this cut, the topside should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Hip Steak

#### Code: Rump B014



Description: There are only two of these steaks in the entire carcase. In some countries, this steak is known as the butcher's choice; because of its tenderness and flavour, butchers will often keep this steak for themselves.

#### **Rustic Steak**

#### Code: LMC B002



**Description:** Produced from the LMC muscle, which is seam cut to remove all gristle and connective tissue. The muscle is then cut across the grain and each steak scored.

For this cut, the LMC should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Hanger Pavé (body skirt)

#### Code: Offal B003



**Description:** Produced from the body skirt, which is split into two to remove the centre gristle. The remainder is cut into pavés. The meat grain is coarse and loose but very tender.

#### Hanger Steaks (body skirt)

#### Code: Offal B004



**Description:** The pavé is butterfly cut to create steaks.

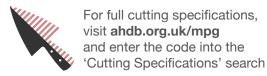
#### Bavette (flank skirt)

#### Code: Thin Flank B006



**Description:** The bavette is cut from the thin flank skirt, which is trimmed of all fat and connective tissue. The meat grain is coarse but tender.

For this cut, the flank skirt should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.



#### Skirt Steaks (diaphragm)

#### Code: Offal B002



**Description:** Produced from the skirt (diaphragm), with all gristle and connective tissue removed. The meat grain is coarse but tender and is also ideal for stir-fry.

For this cut, the skirt (diaphragm) must be matured for a minimum of 14 days, in vacuum bags, not on the bone, to enhance keeping quality.

#### Pavé (underblade)

#### Code: Chuck B019



**Description:** The underblade muscle is situated between the shoulder blade and chuck. When trimmed of all fat and connective tissue is then cut into pavés.

For this cut, the underblade muscle should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Pavé (underblade fillet)

#### Code: Chuck B020



**Description:** The smaller underblade muscle (fillet) can be cut into tender pavés.

For this cut, the underblade muscle should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Pavé (Thick Flank)

#### Code: Thick Flank B007



**Description:** This pavé is cut from a thin muscle, which is part of the thick flank. All connective tissue and a section of coarse grain meat is removed, leaving a very tender muscle, which is cut into pavés. This pavé has a similar texture to the pavé (heel muscle).

For this cut, the thick flank should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Pavé (Thick Flank) - Thin Cut

#### Code: Thick Flank B014



**Description:** Pavé (thick flank) – thin cut. For this cut, the thick flank should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Pavé (heel muscle)

#### Code: **Leg B002**



**Description:** The heel muscle is seam cut and two tender muscles are removed to use this pavé. A section of coarse grain meat is removed. This pavé has a similar texture to the pavé (Thick Flank).

For this cut, the heel muscle should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### **Braising Steaks (Heel Muscle)**

#### Code: **Leg B004**



Description: Braising steaks (heel muscle). For this cut, the heel muscle should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Flat Iron Escallops

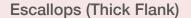
#### Code: Chuck B014



**Description:** Cut from a seam cut feather muscle, of which all fat and centre gristle are removed. The lean muscle is then butterfly cut to produce thin escallops.

For this cut, the feather should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.





#### Code: Thick Flank B005



**Description:** These steaks are produced from the tender part of the large thick flank muscle. Maximum thickness 10 mm.

For this cut, the thick flank should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

### Escallops (Thick Flank) – Thin Cut

#### Code: Thick Flank B013



**Description:** Escallops (thick flank) – thin cut.

For this cut, the thick flank should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Escallops (LMC)

#### Code: LMC B003



**Description:** Produced from the LMC muscle, which is seam cut to remove all gristle and connective tissue. The muscle is then cut across the grain to produce 10 mm thick escallops.

For this cut, the LMC should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### **Escallops (Salmon Cut)**

#### Code: Silverside B004



**Description:** The salmon cut is trimmed of all connective tissue, gristle and cut into 10 mm thick steaks.

For this cut, the silverside should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Daubes (Topside)

#### Code: Topside B007



**Description:** The loosely attached muscle (gracilis) is removed and the remainder of the topside is trimmed of all fat and connective tissue and cut into daubes. The dimensions of the daubes are approx 50 mm x 50 mm.

#### Daubes (LMC)

#### Code: LMC B006



**Description:** Prepared from the LMC muscle, which is seam cut to remove all gristle and connective tissue. The remainder is cut into daubes and held in shape by roasting bands.

#### Daubes (Chuck)

#### Code: Chuck B007



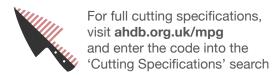
**Description:** Prepared from the chuck eye and held in shape by roasting bands. This cut is ideal for slow cooking.

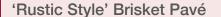
#### **Brisket Pavé**

#### Code: Brisket B004



**Description:** Lean brisket muscle cut into individual 'chunky' pieces.





#### Code: Brisket B005



**Description:** Lean brisket muscle cut into individual pieces, which are then scored.

#### Shoulder Brisket Pavé

#### Code: **FQ B009**



**Description:** This muscle is the extension of the rib cap muscle and is attached to the LMC. The grain of the muscle is similar to the brisket, hence the name. It needs slow and long cooking.

#### **Chuck Eye Steaks**

#### Code: Chuck B004



**Description:** 20 mm thick steaks, cut from the chuck eye, ideal for slow cooking.

#### Chuck Eye 'Centre Cut' Steak

#### Code: Chuck B028



**Description:** This steak has a smaller diameter than chuck steak and is ideal for braising.

#### **Feather Steaks**

#### Code: Chuck B012



**Description:** The feather is a distinctive muscle with lots of flavour. It contains a thick gristle running through the middle of the steak and, when cooked slowly, the gristle turns into jelly.

#### Blade Steak

#### Code: Chuck B009



**Description:** The blade is a forequarter muscle and is ideal for slow cooking.

#### **Needle Steaks**

#### Code: Shin B009



**Description:** The needle is a single muscle situated next to the fore shin muscle and is ideal for braising steaks or slow/sous vide cooking.

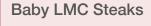
#### **LMC Steaks**

#### Code: **LMC B004**



**Description:** These braising steaks are produced from the LMC muscle, cut across the grain. Need slow cooking.





#### Code: **FQ B005**



**Description**: The baby LMC is a lean muscle from the shoulder, which has a short fine grain of meat and needs slow and long cooking.

#### **Clod Flat Muscle Steaks**

#### Code: **FQ B007**



**Description:** This lean cut is from the shoulder and is situated next to the baby LMC; it needs slow and long cooking.

#### Silverside Steaks

#### Code: Silverside B006



**Description:** The silverside is trimmed of excess fat and gristle, and cut into steaks of even thickness. Need slow cooking.

### Silverside Steaks (large and extra lean)

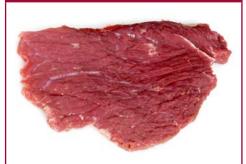
#### Code: Silverside B017



**Description:** The silverside is trimmed of all fat and gristle. The side muscle (ischiatic head) is removed and steaks are cut lengthways.

#### Silverside Steaks - Thin Cut

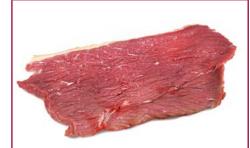
#### Code: Silverside B012



Description: Silverside steaks - thin cut.

# Silverside Steaks – Thin Cut (cut across the grain)

#### Code: Silverside B013



**Description:** Silverside steaks – thin cut (cut across the grain).

#### Salmon Cut Steaks

#### Code: Silverside B005



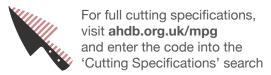
**Description:** The salmon cut is trimmed of all gristle but a layer of natural fat, 5 mm maximum is left. The steaks are cut into 20 mm thick steaks. Need slow cooking.

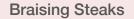
#### Silverside Side Muscle Steaks (extra lean)

#### Code: Silverside B016



**Description:** The side muscle (ischiatic head) is removed from the silverside. This muscle is then trimmed of all fat and connective tissue and steaks are cut to an even thickness.





#### Code: Thick Flank B004



**Description:** These large steaks are cut from the thick flank without the rump tail. Need slow cooking.

#### Goose Skirt Steak

#### Code: Thin Flank B004



**Description:** The goose skirt can be cut into tender steaks.

#### Flank Skirt Steak

#### Code: Thin Flank B005



**Description:** The flank skirt can be cut into tender steaks.

#### **Swiss Rolled Beef Whirls**

#### Code: Topside B013



**Description:** Prepared from the gracilis muscle and needs slow cooking. Weight range 100–150 g.

For this product, the topside should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Sliced Shin

#### Code: Shin B004



**Description:** Shin trimmed of excess fat and cut into slices of required weight and thickness.

### Boneless Ribs - Intercostal Muscles

#### Code: Fore Rib B021



**Description:** The intercostal muscle is situated between the ribs.

# Beef Back Ribs – 2-bone Rack

#### Code: Fore Rib B014



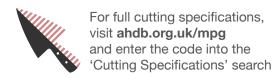
**Description:** These racks are produced from the fore rib section.

#### Beef Back Ribs – 4-bone Rack

#### Code: Fore Rib B015



**Description:** These racks are produced from the fore rib section.





#### Code: Fore Rib B016



**Description:** These racks are produced from the fore rib section.

#### Beef Ribs – French Trimmed

#### Code: Brisket B008



**Description:** These meaty ribs are from the chuck section.

### Beef Short Ribs (Jacob's Ladder)

#### Code: Brisket B009



**Description:** Prepared from the Jacob's ladder, with excess fat and gristle removed.

### Whole Beef Ribs (Jacob's Ladder)

#### Code: Brisket B010



**Description:** Single beef ribs using the whole width of the Jacob's ladder.

### Beef Ribs – split (Jacob's Ladder)

#### Code: Brisket B011



**Description:** Single beef ribs using the whole width of the Jacob's ladder and split through the centre of the ribs.

#### Beef Bucco

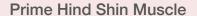
#### Code: Shin B006



**Description:** Shin with the marrow bone left in and cut into slices.

# Beef Shanks





Code: Shin B007



**Description:** This muscle is the thickest muscle in the hind shin and ideal for slow cooking methods.

# Beef Shank – boneless and netted (Needle)

Code: Shin B010



**Description:** The needle is a single muscle situated next to the fore shin muscle and ideal for slow/sous vide cooking.

# Beef Shank – boneless and netted (Clod Shin)

Code: Shin B012



**Description:** The clod shin is a single muscle from the shoulder with a similar grain to shin, hence the name and ideal for slow/ sous vide cooking.

#### Boneless Beef Shank Portions (Clod Shin)

Code: Shin B013



**Description:** The beef shank is ideal for slow/sous vide cooking.

### Beef Shank – boneless and netted (Fore Shin)

Code: Shin B014



**Description:** The beef shank is ideal for slow/sous vide cooking.

#### Boneless Beef Shank Portions (Fore Shin)

Code: **Shin B015** 



**Description:** The beef shank is ideal for slow/sous vide cooking.

### Beef Shank – boneless and netted (Hind Shin)

Code: Shin B016



**Description:** The beef shank is ideal for slow/sous vide cooking.

#### Boneless Beef Shank Portions (Hind Shin)

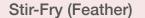
Code: Shin B017



**Description:** The beef shank is ideal for slow/sous vide cooking.

# Beef Dice and Stir-Fry





#### Code: Chuck B018



**Description:** Cut from a seam cut feather muscle, of which all fat and centre gristle are removed. The remaining lean meat is cut into stir-frv.

#### Stir-Fry (Fillet Tail)

#### Code: Fillet B007



**Description:** Prepared from tender fillet tails.

#### Stir-Fry (Topside)

#### Code: Topside B014



**Description:** The loosely attached muscle (gracilis) is removed and the remainder of the topside is trimmed of all connective tissue and fat and used for stir-fry.

For this cut, the topside should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Stir-Fry – Topside Flap Muscle (Sartorius)

#### Code: Topside B026



**Description:** Stir-fry – topside flap muscle (Sartorius).

For this cut, the topside should be matured for a minimum of 14 days.

#### Stir-Fry of Beef

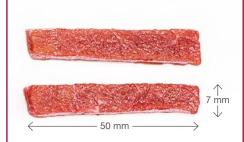
#### Code: Stir-fry B004



**Description:** A range of tender muscles are used in this stir-fry. Dissimilar muscles are not mixed but put into batches, to make sure the eating quality is consistent.

### Quick Cook Strips – 98%VL (Silverside)

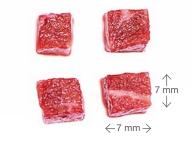
#### Code: Silverside B019



**Description:** The silverside is trimmed of all fat, gristle and connective tissue. The remainder is cut into 7 mm x 7 mm x 50 mm strips.

### Quick Cook Dice – 98%VL (Silverside)

#### Code: Silverside B018



**Description:** The silverside is trimmed of all fat, gristle and connective tissue. The remainder is cut into 7 mm x 7 mm x 7 mm cubes.

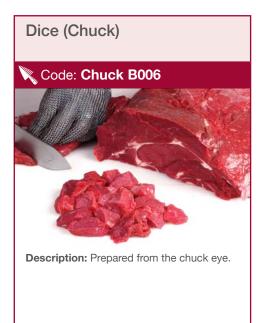
#### Dice (Silverside)

#### Code: Silverside B008



**Description:** The silverside is trimmed of all excess fat, gristle and connective tissue. The remainder is cut into dice.

# Beef Dice and Stir-Fry







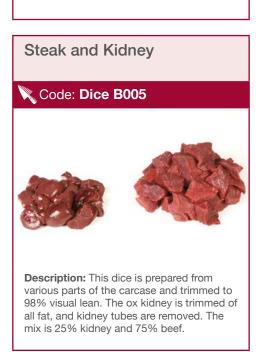
Dice (Flank Skirt)











# Beef Mince and Burgers



### Quality Standard Mark – Minced Beef

#### Code: Mince B001



#### **Description:**

All livestock must be from farms operating in compliance with a farm assurance scheme and must be transported, slaughtered and processed in compliance with a quality assurance scheme. Each such assurance scheme must have been approved by AHDB Beef & Lamb in relation to this Quality Standard and must be independently audited to EN 45011 standard.

Cattle of any age or sex are acceptable.

Mince must contain a maximum of 20% fat (as measured by chemical analysis using British Standard methods), approximately equivalent to beef having overall 85% visual lean prior to mincing (final mix stage).

Mince must be 100% beef with no added water, additives, fillers or other ingredients.

All minced product must be produced and labelled in accordance with legislative requirements.

#### Mince 98% Visual Lean

#### Code: Mince B002



**Description:** This mince is prepared from fresh fore, hindquarter cuts and trimmings, excluding head meat and offal.

#### Mince 90% Visual Lean

#### Code: Mince B004



**Description:** This mince is prepared from fresh fore, hindquarter cuts and trimmings, excluding head meat and offal.

### Quality Standard Mark Burgers

#### Code: Mince B005





#### **Description:**

All livestock must be from farms operating in compliance with a scheme, and must be transported, slaughtered and processed in compliance with an AHDB Beef & Lamb approved quality assurance scheme. Each such assurance scheme must be independently audited to EN 45011 standard.

No meat other than beef may be used.

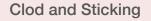
The beef may be obtained from cattle of any age or sex.

The beef used must be of a quality such that it would, if minced, satisfy the requirements of the AHDB Beef & Lamb Quality Standard for minced beef.

The minimum beef content of the burger is 70% (as defined by the Food Labelling Regulations 1996, as amended in 2003).

The manufacturer or processor must be a registered member of the Quality Standard Mark scheme.

# Beef Trim



Code: Trim B010



**Description:** A group of forequarter muscles ideal for mincing.

#### Trim/Muscles 98% VL

Code: Trim B022



**Description:** Example of 98% visual lean muscle/trimmings.

#### Trim/Muscles 95% VL

Code: Trim B021



**Description:** Example of 95% visual lean muscle/trimmings.

#### Trim/Muscles 90% VL

Code: Trim B020



**Description:** Example of 90% visual lean muscle/trimmings.

#### Trim/Muscles 85% VL

Code: Trim B019



**Description:** Example of 85% visual lean muscle/trimmings.

#### Trim/Muscles 80% VL

Code: Trim B018



**Description:** Example of 80% visual lean muscle/trimmings.

#### Trim/Muscles 75% VL

Code: Trim B017



**Description:** Example of 75% visual lean muscle/trimmings.

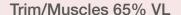
#### Trim/Muscles 70% VL

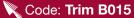
Code: Trim B016



**Description:** Example of 70% visual lean muscle/trimmings.

# Beef **Trim**







**Description:** Example of 65% visual lean muscle/trimmings.

#### Trim/Muscles 60% VL

Code: Trim B014



**Description**: Example of 60% visual lean muscle/trimmings.

#### Trim/Muscles 55% VL

Code: Trim B013



**Description:** Example of 55% visual lean muscle/trimmings.



# Beef Offal



















# Veal

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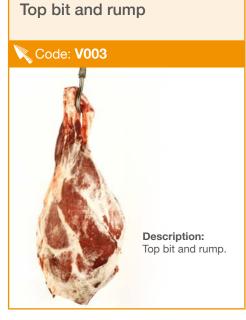
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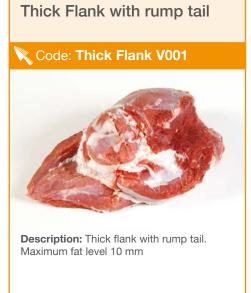


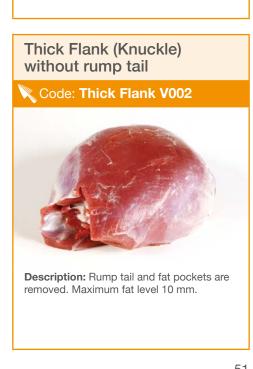
Top bit without rump



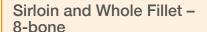












Code: Sirloin V001



**Description:** Flank removed 50 mm from the tip of the eye muscle.

### Sirloin and Short Fillet – 8-bone

Code: Sirloin V002



**Description:** Flank removed 50 mm from the tip of the eye muscle.

### Sirloin and Whole Fillet – 3-bone

Code: Sirloin V003



**Description:** Flank removed 50 mm from the tip of the eye muscle.

#### Boneless Sirloin - 3-bone

Code: Sirloin V004



**Description:** Flank removed 50 mm from the tip of the eye muscle. Maximum fat level 15 mm.

#### Sirloin - T-Bone section

Code: Sirloin V007



**Description:** Prepared from the four-vertebrae section, counting from the rump. Maximum fat level 15 mm.

### Silverside with Heel Muscle and Rump Cap

Code: Silverside V001



**Description:** Triangle fat pocket and silver gristle attached. Maximum fat level 15 mm.

#### Silverside with Heel Muscle

Code: Silverside V002



**Description:** Triangle fat pocket and silver gristle attached. Maximum fat level 15 mm.

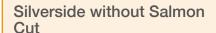
#### Silverside

Code: Silverside V003



**Description:** Triangle fat pocket is removed but silver gristle left attached. Maximum fat level 15 mm.





#### Code: Silverside V004



**Description:** Salmon cut and heel muscle are removed. Maximum fat level 15 mm.

#### Silverside without Salmon Cut fully trimmed

#### Code: Silverside V005



**Description:** All external fat and gristle is removed.

#### Salmon Cut

#### Code: Silverside V006



Description: Maximum fat level 15 mm.

#### Salmon Cut fully trimmed

#### Code: Silverside V007



**Description:** All fat and connective tissue is removed.

#### Rump with part tail

#### Code: Rump V001



**Description:** Rump with part tail to be 50 mm maximum.

#### Rump Cap

#### Code: Rump V003



Description: Maximum fat thickness 15 mm.

#### Centre Cut Rump

#### Code: Rump V004



**Description:** Rump with rump tail, cap muscle, excess gristle and blood veins removed.

#### Rump Tail

#### Code: Rump V006



**Description:** Rump tail. Maximum fat thickness 10 mm.



For full cutting specifications, visit **ahdb.org.uk/mpg** and enter the code into the 'Cutting Specifications' search



#### Code: Fillet V001



**Description:** External fat, discoloured tissue and bone gristle are removed from the underside of the fillet. Silver gristle remains.

#### Fillet (fully trimmed)

#### Code: Fillet V002



**Description:** Excess fat, gristle and connective tissue are removed to expose underlying lean cut surface. The chain muscle is also removed.

# Rump Fillet with silver gristle and chain muscle

#### Code: Fillet V004



**Description:** The head of the fillet (Rump end).

### Loin Fillet with silver gristle and chain muscle removed

#### Code: Fillet V005



Description: Loin end of the fillet.

#### Heel Muscle

#### Code: Leg V001



**Description:** Excess fat and discoloured tissue are removed.

#### **Hind Shin**

#### Code: Shin V003



**Description:** Untrimmed hind shin with knuckle attached.

#### Hind Shin (trimmed)

#### Code: Shin V004



**Description:** Fully trimmed hind shin with knuckle end and hock removed.

# Veal Primals Forequarter







#### Chuck Roll - incl. neck



**Description:** Yellow gristle (backstrap), large fat pockets and discoloured tissue are removed

#### **Chuck Roll**

#### Code: Chuck V002



**Description:** Yellow gristle (back strap), large fat pockets and discoloured tissue are removed.

#### Feather - Extra Trimmed

#### Code: Chuck V007



**Description:** Bone gristle and excessive fat are removed.

#### Blade

#### Code: Chuck V010



**Description:** Blade muscle trimmed of all fat, excess gristle and connective tissue.

#### Fore Rib - 5-bone

#### Code: Fore Rib V001



**Description:** The fore rib contains ribs 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 counting from the neck upwards. The length of the tail is not to exceed 60 mm from the outer tip of the eye muscle. Maximum fat level 10 mm.

#### Rib Eye

#### Code: Fore Rib V003



**Description:** Internal and external fat level not to exceed 15 mm.

#### Pistola Flank

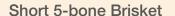
#### Code: Thin Flank V002



Description: 8-bone pistola flank.

# Veal **Primals Forequarter**



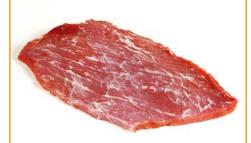


Code: Brisket V001



Short boneless trimmed Brisket

Code: Brisket V002



**Description:** Short boneless trimmed brisket with internal and external fat removed to a maximum level of 10 mm.

#### **LMC**

Code: LMC V002



Description: Excess fat is removed.

#### Fore Shin

Code: Shin V001



**Description:** Untrimmed fore shin.

#### Fore Shin (trimmed)

Description: Short 5-bone brisket.

Code: Shin V002



**Description:** Fully trimmed fore shin with knuckle end and hock removed.

#### Trim 85% VL

Code: Trim V001



**Description:** 85% visual lean trimmings from the veal carcase.

#### Trim 95% VL

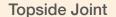
Code: Trim V002



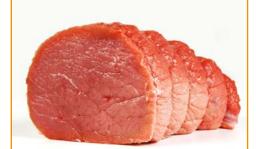
**Description:** 95% visual lean trimmings from the veal carcase.

# Veal Roasting Joints





#### Code: Topside V006



**Description:** The whole topside is cut into 2–3 equal-sized joints. All excess fat, gristle and exposed blood veins are removed.

#### Thick Flank Joint

#### Code: Thick Flank V003



**Description:** The thick flank is cut lengthways along the grain to produce two equal-sized joints.

#### Whole Thick Flank Joint

#### Code: Thick Flank V004



**Description:** The whole thick flank is rolled into a single joint.

#### Silverside Joint

#### Code: Silverside V010



**Description:** The whole silverside, including salmon cut is cut into two equal-sized joints. All excess fat, gristle and exposed blood veins are removed.

#### Rump Cap

#### Code: Rump V003



**Description:** Cap removed from the rump by following the natural seams.

#### Fore Rib - 5-bone

#### Code: Fore Rib V001



**Description:** The length of the tail is not to exceed 60 mm from the outer tip of the eye muscle.

### Fore Rib – 5-bone, French Trimmed

#### Code: Fore Rib V002



**Description:** 60 mm of the meat is trimmed back to expose the rib bone ends.

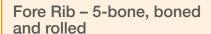
#### Rib Eye

#### Code: Fore Rib V003



**Description:** Internal and external fat level not to exceed 15 mm.

# Veal Roasting Joints







#### **Chuck Roast**

#### Code: Chuck V003



**Description:** Yellow gristle (backstrap), large fat pockets and discoloured tissue are removed before the joint is tied.

#### Feather - Extra Trimmed

**Description:** Internal and external fat

thickness not to exceed 15 mm.

#### Code: Chuck V007



**Description:** Excess fat and connective tissue are removed from the outer side of the muscle.

#### **Veal Brisket Joint**

#### Code: Brisket V004



**Description:** All bone, cartilage and fat deposits are removed from the brisket. Maximum fat thickness 5 mm.



### Veal **Steaks and Daubes**





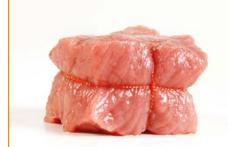
#### Code: Topside V004



**Description:** Veal Escallops cut from the topside flattened out to achieve 5 mm thickness and to maximise tenderness.

#### Daubes (Topside)

#### Code: Topside V005



**Description:** The daubes are cut into 50 mm<sup>2</sup> and secured with roasting bands to maintain shape during cooking.

### Sirloin Steaks – Standard Trim

#### Code: Sirloin V005



**Description:** A 3-rib sirloin. Flank remove 40 mm from the tip of the eye muscle. 25 mm backstrap is removed and fat levels not to exceed 10–15 mm.

#### **T-Bone Steak**

#### Code: Sirloin V006



**Description:** Prepared from a four-vertebrae section counting from the rump. 25 mm tail and fat thickness 10 mm maximum.

#### Sirloin Cannon Steak

#### Code: Sirloin V008



**Description:** Prepared from the eye of the sirloin which is cut in two lengthways before it is cut into portions.

#### Sirloin Escallops

#### Code: Sirloin V009



**Description:** Prepared from the eye of the sirloin with the chain attached.

#### Salmon Cut Steaks

#### Code: Silverside V008



**Description:** Prepared from the salmon cut with all connective tissue and fat removed.

#### Escallops (Silverside)

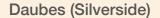
#### Code: Silverside V009



**Description:** Prepared from the silverside with all connective tissue and fat removed. Flattened out to achieve 5 mm thickness and to maximise tenderness.

### Veal **Steaks and Daubes**





#### Code: Silverside V011

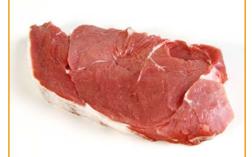


**Description:** The daubes are cut into 50 mm<sup>2</sup>

pieces and secured with roasting bands to

#### Rump Steaks (with part tail)

#### Code: Rump V002



**Description:** 15 mm thick rump steak.

#### Prime Rump Steak

#### Code: Rump V005



**Description:** Rump tail, cap muscle, excess gristle and blood veins are removed.

#### Fillet Steaks - Fully Trimmed

#### Code: Fillet V003



**Description:** Excess fat, gristle and connective tissue are removed. The chain muscle is also removed.

#### Rib Eye Steaks

#### Code: Fore Rib V004

maintain shape during cooking.



**Description:** Internal and external fat thickness not to exceed 15 mm.

#### Club Steaks

#### Code: Fore Rib V005



**Description:** 60 mm of the meat to expose the rib bone ends are removed, to create club steaks.

#### Daubes (chuck)

#### Code: Chuck V004



**Description:** The daubes are cut into 50 mm<sup>2</sup> pieces and secured with roasting bands to maintain shape during cooking.

#### **Chuck Steaks**

#### Code: Chuck V005



**Description:** Prepared from the chuck roll.

### Veal **Steaks and Daubes**





#### Code: Chuck V006



Description: Ideal for slow cooking.

#### **Feather Steaks**

#### Code: Chuck V008



**Description:** This steak contains a centre gristle which will turn very soft and gelatinous after slow cooking.

#### Flat Iron Steaks

#### Code: Chuck V009



**Description:** Prepared from a seam cut feather muscle. Very tender.

#### **Veal Ribs**

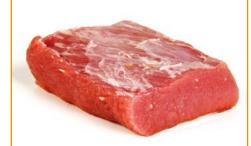
#### Code: Brisket V003



**Description:** Veal ribs are ideal for slow cooking.

#### Pavé (Brisket)

#### Code: Brisket V005



**Description:** Lean brisket muscle trimmed into individual pavés.

#### **Escallops (LMC)**

#### Code: LMC V001



**Description:** Prepared from the LMC, with all connective tissue and fat removed. Flattened out to achieve the correct thickness and to maximise tenderness.

#### **Bavette Steak**

#### Code: Thin Flank V001



**Description:** Prepared from the thin flank skirt. All fat and gristle are removed before it is cut into bavettes.

#### Osso Bucco

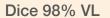
#### Code: Shin V005



**Description:** Prepared from the fore or hind shin. Sawn into required thickness. Sawdust is removed.

# Veal Dice and Stir-Fry





#### Code: Dice V001



**Description:** This dice prepared from various parts of the carcase and trimmed to 98% visual lean.

#### Stir-Fry

#### Code: Stir-Fry V002



**Description:** A range of tender muscles are used for this stir-fry.

# Veal Mince and Burgers











# Veal **Offal**















Calf Tail





# Veal **Offal**











# Lamb

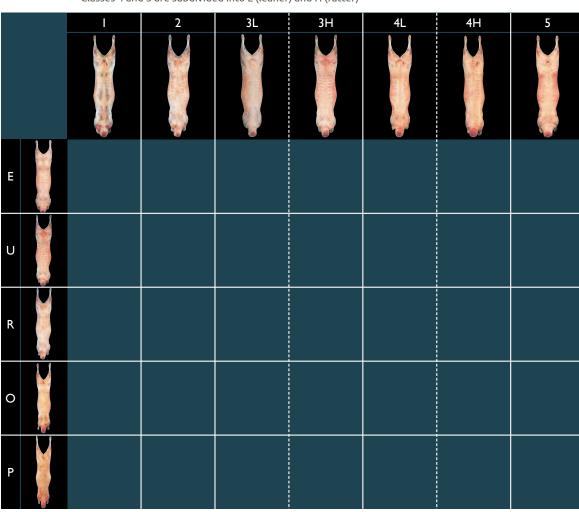


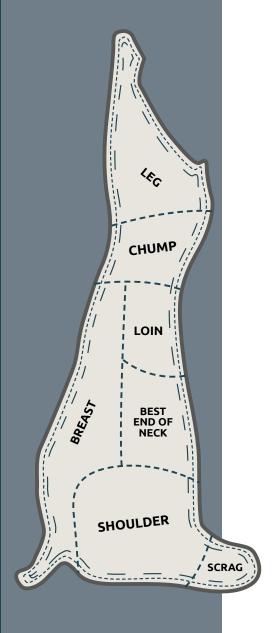
Carcase assessment addresses conformation and fat. Fat cover is assessed as described on a scale of 1–5 with class 1 being extremely lean and class 5 being extremely fat. Classes 3 and 4 are divided into low (L) and high (H).

FAT CLASS

Increasing fatness

Fat is determined by visual assessment of external fat cover. There are five main classes. Classes 4 and 5 are subdivided into L (leaner) and H (fatter)





CONFORMATION CLASS Improving conformation is determined by a visual appraisal of shape, taking into account carcase profile and fullness of legs. No adjustment is made for the influence of fat on overall shape.

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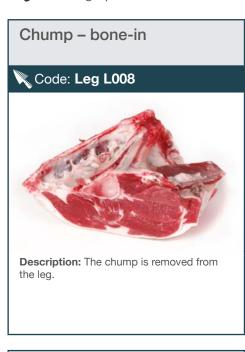
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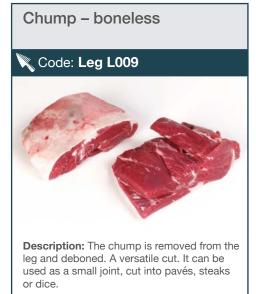










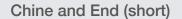












# Code: Loin L031

**Description:** Fore end, legs and breast are removed.

#### Best End (long)

#### Code: Loin L029



**Description:** The best end (long) will consist of 12 rib bones on each side.

#### Loin - double untrimmed

#### Code: Loin L037



**Description:** The length of the ribs is 40 mm from the tip of the eye muscle. The neck is removed in line with the first rib.

#### Loin - single untrimmed

#### Code: Loin L039



**Description:** The length of the ribs is 40 mm from the tip of the eye muscle. The neck is removed in line with the first rib.

#### Loin – double fully trimmed

#### Code: Loin L038



**Description:** The length of the ribs is 40 mm from the tip of the eye muscle. External fat is removed. The neck is removed in line with the first rib.

#### Loin - single fully trimmed

#### Code: Loin L040



**Description:** The length of the ribs is 40 mm from the tip of the eye muscle. External fat is removed. The neck is removed in line with the first rib.

#### Middle

#### Code: Loin L001



**Description:** The fore end and the legs and chumps are removed.

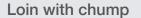
### Middle excluding breast flanks

#### Code: Loin L002



**Description:** The breast flanks are removed at a distance equal to 1½ times the length of the eye muscle.





#### Code: Loin L008



**Description:** The length of the breast flanks is a maximum of 1½ times the length of the eye muscle.

#### Loin without chump

#### Code: Loin L009



**Description:** The length of the breast flanks is a maximum of 1½ times the length of the eye muscle.

# Best End of Neck – short and un-split

#### Code: Loin L006



**Description:** The length of the breast flanks is a maximum of 1½ times the length of the eye muscle.

### Best End of Neck – short and split

#### Code: Loin L007



**Description:** The length of the breast flanks is a maximum of 1½ times the length of the eye muscle.

#### Saddle - bone-in

#### Code: Loin L027



**Description:** Fully trimmed and prepared saddle of lamb.

#### **Short Saddle**

#### Code: Loin L003



**Description:** The length of the breast flanks is a maximum of 1½ times the length of the eye muscle.

#### Loin Eye Muscle (whole)

#### Code: Loin L046



Description: Loin eye muscle (whole).

### Loin – eye muscle fully trimmed (best end)

#### Code: Loin L042



**Description:** Fully trimmed eye muscle, fat and connective tissue removed.

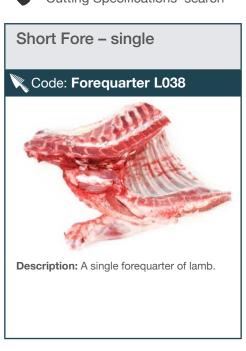




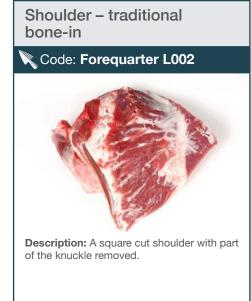


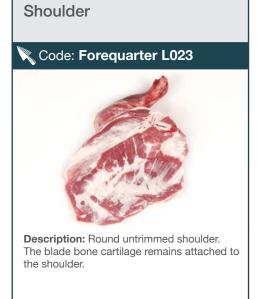


**Short Fore** 



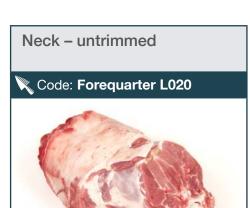








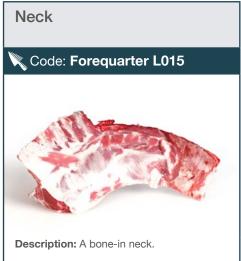


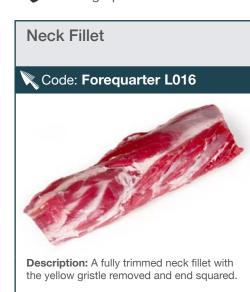






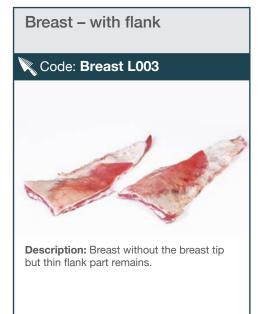


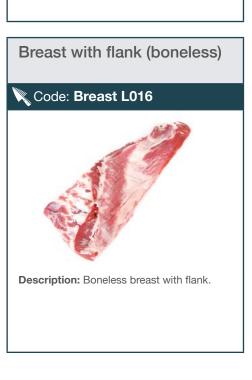




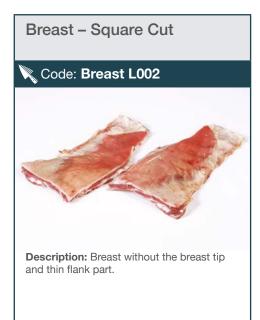






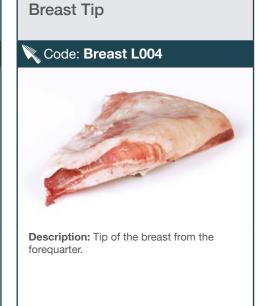


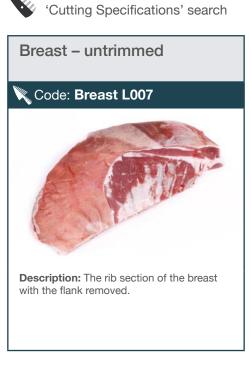
## Lamb **Primals**

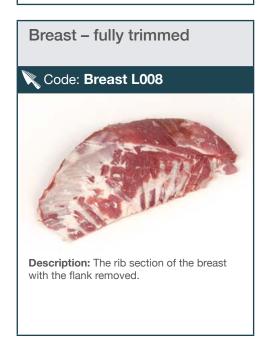




Breast - Square Cut





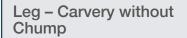






73





Code: Leg L003



**Description:** This leg is part boned and the chump, tail and aitch bone are removed from the leg. Knucklebone and excess fat are trimmed.

### Leg Joints – traditional

Code: Leg L006



**Description:** This leg has the chump removed and is cut in half.

### Leg - fully trimmed

Code: Leg L026



**Description:** Whole leg and chump of lamb with external fat removed.

### 'Premium' Carvery Leg of Lamb

Code: Leg L005



**Description:** This premium carvery leg is deboned except for the knucklebone. The topside is removed to give even diameter slices and for easy carving.

### Leg – Carvery French trimmed with the Chump

Code: Leg L004



**Description:** This leg is part boned and has the chump still attached. The aitch bone is removed and knuckle French trimmed.

### Leg - boned and rolled

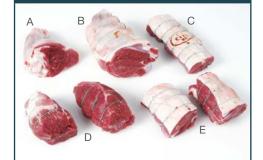
Code: Leg L007



**Description:** This leg has the chump and knuckle removed and is then deboned and rolled.

### Leg Joints - Whole Leg (A)

Code: **Leg L040** 

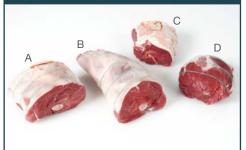


#### Description:

- A. Lamb shank
- B Mini leg of lamb on the bone
- C Lamb silverside joint
- D Mini roast (topside)
- E Lamb rump mini roasts

### Leg Joints - Whole Leg (B)

Code: Leg L041



#### Description:

- A Mini bone-in leg joint
- B Mini carvery leg of lamb
- C Lamb rump roast
- D Topside toast









### Description:

- A Bone-in lamb rump
- B Mini leg carvery leg of lamb
- C Mini leg bone-in joint
- D Topside roast

### Lamb Leg Roasties





**Description:** Deboned and highly trimmed leg of lamb, cut into individual portions.

### Lamb Spatchcock (leg)





**Description:** A whole leg and chump spatchcock with the knuckle bone left in. Butterfly cut to create a joint of even thickness.

### Lamb Spatchcock (portions)



C Bone-in lamb rump



**Description:** Prepared from the leg and chump of lamb.

### Lamb Mini Spatchcock (leg)

### Code: **Leg L035**



**Description:** The spatchcock is prepared from the topside of lamb.

### Lamb Spatchcock (shoulder)

### Code: Forequarter L030



**Description:** The rib eye joint (Code: Forequarter L031) is removed from the forequarter and the remainder is deboned and scored to create the spatchcock.

### Silverside (trimmed)

### Code: **Leg L045**



**Description:** Silverside muscle with heel (trimmed).





Code: Leg L014



**Description:** Prepared from the silverside muscle of the leg. Even in diameter and easy to cut into noisettes after cooking.

### Topside (untrimmed)

Code: **Leg L046** 



**Description:** Untrimmed topside muscle.

### **Topside Roast**

Code: Leg L010



**Description:** Whole topside with maximum fat thickness of 5 mm.

### Mini Roast (Topside)

Code: Leg L011



**Description:** Whole topside cut in half with maximum fat thickness of 5 mm.

### Thick Flank (untrimmed)

Code: Leg L044



Description: Untrimmed thick flank muscle.

### Mini Roast (Thick Flank)

Code: **Leg L013** 



**Description:** A thick flank joint with the ends squared off.

### Bone-in Lamb Rump

Code: Leg L032



**Description:** Prepared from the chump with the tail bone removed.

### Chump - boneless

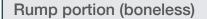
Code: Leg L009



**Description:** The chump is removed from the leg and deboned. A versatile cut. It can be used as a small joint, cut into pavés, steaks or dice.



For full cutting specifications, visit **ahdb.org.uk/mpg** and enter the code into the 'Cutting Specifications' search



Code: **Leg L030** 



**Description:** Boneless rump prepared from

Chump – centre cut (boneless and fully trimmed)

Code: **Leg L028** 



**Description:** The chump centre cut is removed from the leg without the remainder of the silverside. All fat and connective tissue removed.

### Shoulder - traditional bone-in

Code: Forequarter L002



**Description:** A square cut shoulder with part of the knuckle removed.

## Shoulder – partly boned and fully trimmed

Code: Forequarter L024



**Description:** A round shoulder with blade bone removed, leaving the blade bone cartilage attached to the shoulder. Excess fat removed.

### Shoulder - half

the lea and chump.

Code: Forequarter L003



Description: A traditional shoulder cut in half.

### 'Premium' Shoulder – Carvery Roast

Code: Forequarter L008



**Description:** Partly deboned shoulder with a French trimmed knuckle attached. Very easy to carve.

## Lamb Carvery Roast (shoulder)

Code: Forequarter L027



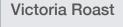
**Description:** This joint is similar but smaller than the 'Premium' Shoulder – Carvery roast Code: Forequarter L008.

### Shoulder - boned and rolled

Code: Forequarter L007



**Description:** A deboned shoulder with internal fat pockets and large gristles removed. Evenly rolled and both ends trimmed square.



### Code: Forequarter L009



**Description:** A deboned and highly trimmed shoulder rolled into two equal-sized joints.

### Mini Roast

### Code: Forequarter L009



**Description:** A deboned and highly trimmed shoulder rolled into four equal-sized mini joints.

### Lamb Rib Eye Joint

### Code: Forequarter L031



**Description:** The rib eye joint is prepared from the most succulent and tender part of the lamb shoulder.

### **Shoulder Noisette Joint**

### Code: Forequarter L010



**Description:** Only the best parts of the shoulder are used for this product.

### 'Rustic' Lamb Shoulder

### Code: Forequarter L028



**Description:** This joint contains the meatiest part of the lamb shoulder without the knuckle. Ideal for slow cooking before finishing off on the grill or barbecue.

### 'Rustic' Lamb Roast

### Code: Forequarter L006



**Description:** A traditional bone-in shoulder, including the knuckle cut into three or more portions and scored.

### Lamb Henrys

### Code: Forequarter L029



**Description:** The Lamb Henrys are chunky bone-in pieces of lamb prepared from the rustic lamb shoulder (Code: Forequarter L028) and cut into four equal portions.

### Saddle bone-in

### Code: Loin L027



**Description:** Fully trimmed and prepared saddle of lamb.





**Description:** Fully trimmed, deboned and rolled saddle of lamb.

### **Short Saddle**

### Code: Loin L003



**Description:** The length of the breast flanks is a maximum of 1½ times the length of the eve muscle.

### Lamb Guard of Honour

### Code: Loin L048



**Description:** Two French-trimmed 7-rib loin racks, interlocked to form a Guard of Honour.

### Crown of Lamb

### Code: Loin L049



**Description:** Two French-trimmed 7-rib loin racks secured with twine to produce a Crown of Lamb.

## Short Saddle deboned and rolled

### Code: Loin L004



**Description:** The bones are removed from the short saddle and the whole joint is rolled. The fillets are left inside the joint.

### Short Saddle - stuffed

### Code: Loin L005



**Description:** Boneless saddle stuffed with a flavoured lamb mince stuffing. The fillets are left inside the joint.

## Saddle without flank – untrimmed

### Code: Loin L032



**Description:** Saddle, breast flank is removed in line with the eye muscle.

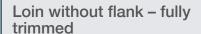
## Saddle without flank – fully trimmed

### Code: Loin L033



**Description:** Saddle, breast flank is removed in line with the eye muscle. External fat is removed.





### Code: Loin L034



Description: Saddle, breast flank is removed

in line with the eve muscle and back is split

into single loins. External fat is removed.

### Loin - boned and rolled

### Code: Loin L017



**Description:** The whole loin is used for this joint. The length of the breast flanks is the same as the length of the eye muscle. Maximum fat thickness 6 mm.

### Cannon - bone-in

### Code: Loin L014



**Description:** A bone-in cannon of lamb with the fat left on but the bark removed.

### 'Premium' Lamb Sirloin

### Code: Loin L015



**Description:** Highly trimmed loin of lamb with the fat left on but the bark removed.

### 'Premium' Lamb Cannon

### Code: Loin L016



**Description:** Only a fully trimmed eye muscle is used for this premium cannon.

### **Scrag Joint**

### Code: Forequarter L004



**Description:** Cut from a section of the neck.

### Rolled Belly of Lamb

### Code: Breast L013



**Description:** This joint is prepared from three boneless breasts of lamb, with the red flank meat and excess fat removed. Ideal for slow or sous vide cooking.

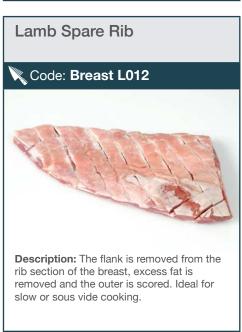
### **Boneless Rolled Breasts**

### Code: Breast L011



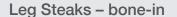
**Description:** Two boneless trimmed breasts rolled together. Ideal for slow or sous vide cooking.





## Lamb **Steaks and Daubes**





### Code: **Leg L019**



**Description:** Cut from the centre of the leg and contains a small bone in the centre of each steak.

### 'Premium' Lamb Leg Steaks

### Code: **Leg L016**



**Description:** Premium lamb leg steaks are cut from the topside of lamb. Maximum fat thickness 5 mm.

### Lamb Leg Steaks

### Code: **Leg L017**



**Description:** Boneless leg steaks. The whole leg is used for this steak.

### **Escallops (Thick Flank)**

### Code: Leg L018



**Description:** A trimmed thick flank muscle cut into three equal-sized escallops.

### Chump Steaks - bone-in

### Code: Leg L020



**Description:** Prepared from the bone-in chump and cut into portions.

### Chump Steaks - boneless

### Code: **Leg L021**



**Description:** Boneless steaks cut from the chump.

### Bone-in Lamb Rump Portions

### Code: **Leg L033**



**Description:** Prepared from the bone-in rump with the tail bone removed and cut into two portions.

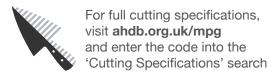
### Rump portion (boneless)

### Code: **Leg L030**



**Description:** Boneless rump prepared from the leg and chump.

## Lamb **Steaks and Daubes**





### Code: Leg L012



**Description:** Whole topside cut into three equal portions with maximum fat thickness of 5 mm.

### Lamb Rump Pavé

### Code: Leg L036



**Description:** Prepared from a rump of lamb, which is cut square from the leg and cut lengthways in half.

### Lamb Pavé – Thick Flank

### Code: **Leg L037**



**Description:** The thick flank is cut in half lengthways for this pavé.

### Lamb Chateaubriand

### Code: Leg L038



**Description:** As the head of the fillet of lamb is very small, the small tender flank muscle is left attached to this Chateaubriand.

### Fillets

### Code: Loin L026



Description: Fully trimmed fillets of lamb.

### Daubes (leg)

### Code: **Leg L015**



**Description:** Prepared from boneless leg meat and secured with two roasting bands to keep the daubes in shape during cooking.

### Daubes (shoulder)

### Code: Forequarter L012



**Description:** These daubes are cut from a deboned and highly trimmed shoulder and secured with two roasting bands to keep the daubes in shape during cooking.

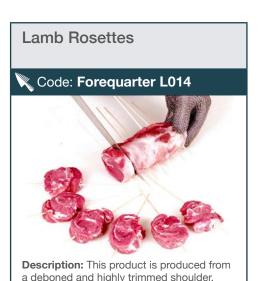
### 'Rustic' Lamb Chunkies

### Code: Forequarter L013



**Description:** Deboned and highly trimmed shoulder cut into individual portions, which are scored.

## Lamb **Steaks and Daubes**



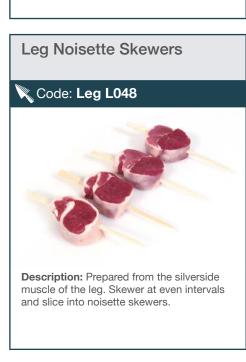


**Description:** Cut from the lumbar section

of the loin, and butterfly cut.









## Lamb Racks, Cutlets and Ribs



For full cutting specifications, visit **ahdb.org.uk/mpg** and enter the code into the 'Cutting Specifications' search





## Rack – 7-rib (part fat removed)

### Code: Loin L043



**Description:** Rack of lamb with the outer layer of fat removed from the eye muscle but some fat is left on the rib section.

## Rack – 7-rib (cap and fat removed)

### Code: Loin L044



**Description:** Rack of lamb with cap and outer layer of fat removed.

### Rack - Banqueting-style

### Code: Loin L013



**Description:** A 7-bone rack, which has three rib bones removed at alternate intervals.

## 'Premium' single-bone mini rack

### Code: Loin L012

is used.



**Description:** A premium 3-rib rack, which has two of the outside rib bones removed, leaving the centre rib attached.

## Rack – 2 x 3-rib to include one cutlet

### Code: Loin L011



**Description:** These 2 x 3-rib racks are cut from a 7-bone rib, leaving one French cutlet, which will be included in the delivery.

### Rack – 6-rib (shoulder)

### Code: Forequarter L011



**Description:** This rack is cut from the rib section of the forequarter.

## Rack – 2-bone mini rack (shoulder)

### Code: Forequarter L032

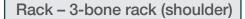


**Description:** This 2-bone mini rack is prepared from the rib section of the forequarter.

## Lamb Racks, Cutlets and Ribs



For full cutting specifications, visit ahdb.org.uk/mpg and enter the code into the 'Cutting Specifications' search



### Code: Forequarter L033



Rack - single-bone rack (shoulder)

### Code: Forequarter L034



**Description:** A 3-bone rack prepared from the rib section of the forequarter (Code: Foreguarter L033), which has two of the outside rib bones removed.

### Cutlets

### Code: Loin L020



Description: Only the rib section of the loin is used.

### Cutlets - fully trimmed

### Code: Loin L041



**Description:** The length of the ribs is 40 mm from the tip of the eve muscle. External fat is removed from the loin.

### 'Premium' French Trimmed Cutlets

**Description:** This 3-bone rack is prepared

from the rib section of the forequarter.

### Code: Loin L019



Description: Rack of lamb cut into individual premium cutlets.

### 'Premium' T-bone Chops

### Code: Loin L021



Description: Only the lumbar section of the loin is used for this premium T-bone chop.

### T-bone chops without flank

### Code: Loin L035



**Description:** T-bone chops without flank (fully trimmed).

### **Barnsley Chop**

### Code: Loin L018



Description: A double lamb chop. Maximum fat thickness 6 mm.

## Lamb Racks, Cutlets and Ribs



For full cutting specifications, visit **ahdb.org.uk/mpg** and enter the code into the 'Cutting Specifications' search

### Fully trimmed Barnsley chop

# Code: Loin L036

**Description:** The flanks and all back fat are removed.

### **Scrag Slices**

### Code: Forequarter L005



**Description:** A section of the neck cut into slices.

### **Chunky Neck Chops**

### Code: Forequarter L037



**Description:** The split neck is removed in line with the first rib and excess fat is trimmed off. The remainder is cut into three portions.

### Neck of Lamb - boneless

### Code: Forequarter L035



**Description:** The split neck is removed in line with the first rib, deboned, and excess fat is trimmed off.

### Neck – split and trimmed

### Code: Forequarter L036



**Description:** The split neck is removed in line with the first rib and excess fat is trimmed off.

### Neck - meaty bones

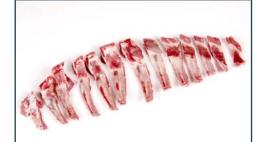
### Code: Forequarter L022



**Description:** The split neck is removed in line with the first rib and cut/sawn into 10 mm thick slices.

### Ribs - individual

### Code: Breast L009



**Description:** The rib section of the breast with the flank removed. Trimmed of excess fat and cut into individual ribs.

### Ribs - small pieces

### Code: Breast L010

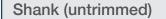


**Description:** The rib section of the breast with the flank removed. Trimmed of excess fat and cut into individual ribs. Ribs are cut into 30–40 mm length pieces.

## Lamb Knuckles



For full cutting specifications, visit **ahdb.org.uk/mpg** and enter the code into the 'Cutting Specifications' search







**Description:** Untrimmed shank.

### Shank



**Description:** Cut from the leg with some of the heel muscle attached to create a meaty shank.

### Shank French trimmed

Code: Leg L023



**Description:** Cut from the leg with some of the heel muscle attached to create a meaty shank. The shank is trimmed to expose 25 mm of bone.

## Shank French trimmed without heel muscle

Code: Leg L024



**Description:** Cut from the leg without the heel muscle to create a mini shank. The shank is trimmed to expose 3 cm of bone.

### Knuckle Standard Shoulder

Code: Forequarter L019



**Description:** Knuckle with one end square cut.

### Knuckle - short

Code: Forequarter L018



**Description:** Knuckle with both ends square cut.

### Knuckle

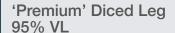
Code: Forequarter L017



**Description:** This is the meaty knuckle version, which contains extra shoulder meat and is French trimmed.

## Lamb Dice and Stir-Fry





### Code: Dice L001



**Description:** Prepared from a highly trimmed leg cut into 2.5 cm diameter dice. 95% visual lean.

### Diced Shoulder 90% VL

### Code: Dice L002



**Description:** Prepared from a highly trimmed shoulder cut into 2.5 cm diameter dice. 90% visual lean.

### Stir-Fry

### Code: Stir-Fry L003



**Description:** Prepared from highly trimmed lamb and cut into strips 10 cm long and 1 cm wide.

### Leg - dice and meaty bones

### Code: **Leg L027**



Description:
The leg and
chump with fat
removed. The
remainder is
deboned and
diced. Some
meat is left in
the bones and
sawn into 2 cm
thick pieces.

## Shoulder – dice and meaty bones

### Code: Forequarter L025



Description: A round shoulder with blade bone and excess fat removed. The remainder is deboned and diced. Some meat is left on the bones and sawn into 2 cm thick pieces.

## Lamb Mince





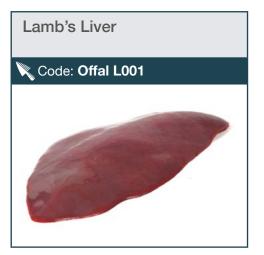


## Lamb **Offal and Trim**















## Mutton

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## Mutton **Primals**

### Leg and Chump

Code: **Leg M001** 



Description: Whole leg and chump.

## Leg and Chump – without aitch and tail bone

Code: Leg M009



Description: Partly deboned leg and chump with the knuckle trimmed.

## Leg and Chump without shank (boneless)

Code: Leg M002



Description: Boneless leg and chump without shank meat.

### Leg without chump and shank (boneless)

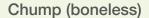
Code: Leg M003



**Description:** Boneless leg without chump and shank meat.

### Mutton **Primals**





### Code: Leg M006



### Middle

### Code: Loin M001



**Description:** The fore end is removed between the 6th and 7th rib and the chump is left on the leg.

### **Best End and Middle Neck**

### Code: Loin M007



**Description:** The breast flank is removed at a distance of 1½ times the length of the eye muscle.

### Loin - without Chump

### Code: Loin M002



**Description:** The length of the breast flanks is a maximum of 1½ times the length of the eye muscle.

## Loin – without Chump (boneless)

### Code: Loin M003

lea and deboned.



**Description:** Boneless loin without chump. The flank is 1½ times the length of the eye muscle.

## Loin – Eye Muscle fully trimmed

### Code: Loin M004



**Description:** Eye muscle prepared from a complete loin and fully trimmed of fat and gristle.

## Loin – Eye Muscle (with silver skin)

### Code: Loin M005



**Description:** Untrimmed eye muscle prepared from a complete loin.

### **Fillets**

### Code: Loin M006



**Description:** Fully trimmed fillets of mutton.

## Mutton **Primals**





### Code: Forequarter M001



**Description:** A 6-rib bone forequarter.

## Forequarter (without ribcage and neck bones)

### Code: Forequarter M002



**Description:** A partly deboned (6-rib bone) forequarter.

### **Neck Fillet**

### Code: Forequarter M003



**Description:** A neck fillet with the yellow gristle removed.

### Shoulder (round) - Paletilla

### Code: Forequarter M004



**Description:** Round shoulder removed from the carcase by following the natural seams.

### Breast - Square Cut

### Code: Breast M001



**Description:** Breast is removed between the 6th and 7th ribs, and flank tails are left on the leg.

## Breast – Square Cut (boneless)

### Code: Breast M002

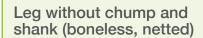


**Description:** Breast is removed between the 6th and 7th ribs, and flank tails are left on the leg.

## Mutton Roasting Joints, Knuckles, Trim



For full cutting specifications, visit **ahdb.org.uk/mpg** and enter the code into the 'Cutting Specifications' search



Code: Leg M004



Description: Boneless netted leg joint.

## Shoulder Joint – boneless and netted

Code: Forequarter M005



**Description:** Boneless joint prepared from a boneless forequarter.

### Shank - with knuckle (Leg)

Code: **Leg M007** 



**Description:** Cut from the leg with the knuckle still attached.

### Shank (Leg)

Code: Leg M008



**Description:** Cut from the leg with the knuckle removed.

### 90% VL Boneless Mutton

Code: Trim M001



Description: Lean mutton trim.

## Pork

## Pork carcase classification

The following equipment is approved for use in the UK:

- Optical probe
- Hennessey Grading Probe (HGP)
- Fat-O-Meater (FOM)
- AutoFOM
- CSB Ultra-Meater

The HGP, FOM, AutoFOM and CSB Ultra-Meater are all automatic recording probes.

#### Method 1

Optical Probe is used to measure backfat and rind thickness at the P1 and P3 positions, level with the head of the last rib. The probe is inserted 4.5 cm and 8 cm from the dorsal midline, respectively. The sum of the P1 and P3 measurements is recorded.

#### Method 2

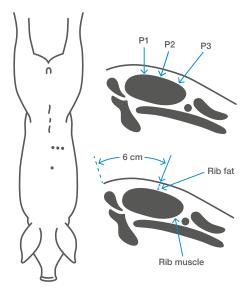
Optical Probe is used to measure backfat and rind thickness at the P2 position, level with the head of the last rib. The probe is inserted 6.5 cm from the dorsal midline.

#### Method 3

HGP or FOM are used to measure:

- Backfat and rind thickness at the P2 position as for Method 2. The HGP or FOM probes are inserted 6 cm from the dorsal midline
- Backfat and rind thickness at a point 6 cm from the dorsal midline between the third and fourth last rib. This measurement is referred to as rib fat
- Longissimus dorsi (eye muscle) depth at a point 6 cm from the dorsal midline between the third and fourth last rib. This measurement is referred to as rib muscle.

## Locations of probing sites on a pig carcase



### Lean Meat Percentage (LMP) and EU Grade

LMP is calculated as follows:

- Optical probe
- Cold carcase weight and P2 (or P1 + P3) fat depths are used to estimate LMP

An EU grade can be allocated to a carcase by using the LMP.

Lean meat percentage	EU grade
60% and above	S
55-59%	Е
50-54%	U
45-49%	R
40-44%	0
39% or less	Р

### Visual Appraisal

This is the identification of pigs with carcase faults. These are described as 'Z' carcases. Carcases that are scraggy, deformed, blemished, pigmented and coarse skinned, those with soft fat or pale muscle, and those devalued by being partially condemned, are recorded as 'Z' on the carcase record (PCC1 or computer equivalent). Young boars are identified and recorded. Carcases with poor conformation are recorded as 'C' carcases at the request of the abattoir.

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Dice (leg muscles 98%VL)
Dice (shoulder muscles 95%VL)

Dice (collar 90%VL)  'Quick Cook' Dice (collar 90%VL)  Stir-Fry (leg muscles 98%VL)  'Quick Cook' Strips (collar 90%VL)  Mince 95%VL  Sausages	119 119 119 119
Bacon and Cured Meat	
Back Bacon – rindless, smoked	120
Back Bacon – rindless	120
Streaky Bacon - rindless, smoked	120
Streaky Bacon – rindless	120
Gammon Steaks	120
Gammon – whole	120
Gammon Smoked – whole	120
Gammon Joint – boneless and rolled	120
Offal	
Fore Trotters	121
Fore Trotter Split	121
Hind Trotters	121
Hind Trotter Split	121
Pig's Liver	121
Pig's Kidney	121





Code: **1026** 



**Description:** Bone-in forequarter with the foot attached.

### Forequarter - bone-in

Code: 1003



**Description:** Bone-in forequarter.

## Forequarter – without neck, vertebrae and rib bones

Code: 1004



**Description:** Bone-in forequarter – ribs, neck bones and vertebrae removed.

### Shoulder - round

Code: 1005



**Description:** Removed from the forequarter with the collar muscles and brisket ribs removed.

### Shoulder - picnic

Code: 1006



**Description:** Removed from the forequarter with the collar muscles, brisket ribs and part of the rind removed.

Shoulder – boneless, rindless, excl. shank

Code: **1027** 



**Description:** Prepared from the round shoulder (Code: 1005) excluding the shank muscles.

Shoulder – boneless 95%VL, excl. shank

Code: **1028** 



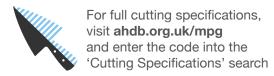
**Description:** Prepared from the round shoulder (Code: 1005) excluding the shank muscles. Trimmed to 95%VL.

Boston Butt (Neck End) – bone-in, rind on

Code: 1029



**Description:** This cut contains the collar and blade bone part of the shoulder.









**Description:** Bone-in pork collar, seam cut from the foreguarter.

### Collar of pork - boneless

### Code: 1008



**Description:** Boneless collar, seam cut from the forequarter.

### **Brisket Muscle**

### Code: **1030**



**Description:** The brisket muscle is removed by seam cutting from the round shoulder (Code: 1005).

## Brisket Muscle – fully trimmed

### Code: 1031



**Description:** The brisket muscle is removed by seam cutting from the round shoulder (Code: 1005). Excess fat and gristle removed.

### Shank - forequarter

### Code: **1032**



**Description:** The shank is removed from the forequarter between the radius/ulna and humerus.

### Middle - incl. chump

### Code: **1033**



**Description:** This middle consists of the loin and belly, including the chump, which is part of the leg.

### Middle - incl. fillet

### Code: **1018**



**Description:** This middle consists of the loin and belly, including the fillet.

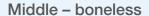
### Middle - excl. fillet

### Code: 1034



**Description:** This middle consists of the loin and belly with the fillet removed.







**Description:** This middle has all bones removed by sheet boning and does not include the fillet.

## Loin – bone-in, rind on, incl. fillet



**Description:** Bone-in loin including the rind. Fillet included.

## Loin – bone-in, rindless, incl. fillet

### Code: 1011



**Description:** Bone-in loin with rind and fat removed to a maximum fat depth of 10 mm. Fillet included.

## Loin – bone-in, rind on, excl. fillet

### Code: **1037**



**Description:** Bone-in loin including rind but without the fillet.

## Loin – bone-in, rindless, excl. fillet

### Code: **1036**



**Description:** Bone-in loin without the fillet, and with rind and fat removed to a maximum fat depth of 10 mm.

### Loin – boneless, rind on

### Code: 1056



**Description:** Loin with the bones and fillet removed.

### Loin - boneless, rindless

### Code: **1013**



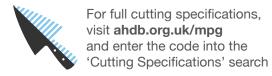
**Description:** Loin with rind, bones and fillet muscle removed.

### Loin and Chump - rind on

### Code: 1038



**Description:** Bone-in loin including the chump, which is part of the leg.





Code: **1039** 



**Description:** Bone-in loin including the chump, which is part of the leg. Rind removed.

### Chump

Code: **1057** 



**Description:** Chump removed from the loin and chump, and contains part of the rump muscles.

Loin Eye Muscle 95%VL, incl. silverskin, chain and spinalis muscle

Code: **1042** 



**Description:** Boneless loin with the tail and all back fat removed.

Loin Eye Muscle 98%VL, excl. silverskin, incl. chain and spinalis muscle

Code: **1043** 



**Description:** Boneless loin with the tail, all back fat and silverskin removed.

## Loin Eye Muscle – 99%VL

Code: **1044** 



**Description:** Boneless loin, with the tail, all back fat, silverskin, chain and spinalis muscle removed, leaving just the eye muscle. Trimmed to 99%VL.

### Belly – bone-in, rind on

Code: **1014** 



Description: Bone-in belly with the rind on.

Belly – bone-in, rindless

Code: **1040** 



**Description:** Bone-in belly with the rind removed.

Belly - boneless, rind on

Code: **1015** 



**Description:** Rind on belly with the ribs removed by sheet boning.









**Description:** Rindless belly with the ribs removed by sheet boning.

### Leg and Chump – incl. head of fillet

Code: 1017



**Description:** Leg and chump removed from the side of pork by cutting between the last two lumbar vertebrae. Including the fillet head.

## Leg and Chump – excl. fillet head

Code: **1045** 



**Description:** Leg and chump removed from the side of pork by cutting between the last two lumbar vertebrae. Excluding the fillet head.

## Leg and Chump – without hip and tail bone, excl. fillet

Code: **1046** 



**Description:** Part-boned leg and chump of pork, excluding the head of the fillet.

### Leg of Pork

Code: **1047** 



**Description:** The leg of pork does not include the chump.

### Leg of Pork - boneless

Code: **1048** 



**Description:** Leg of pork with the hock removed. The femur is removed by tunnel boning. The leg of pork does not include the chump.

### **Topside**

### Code: 1019



Description: Topside seam cut from the leg.

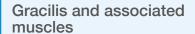
## Topside – excl. gracilis muscles

### Code: **1020**



**Description:** Seam cut from the leg with the gracilis and associated muscles removed.









### Thick Flank

### Code: **1050**



**Description:** Thick flank seam cut from the leg.

## Thick Flank – fully trimmed 98%VL

### Code: **1021**



**Description:** Thick flank seam cut from the leg and trimmed to 98%VL.

## Silverside with Salmon Cut and Heel Muscle

### Code: **1022**



**Description:** Silverside with salmon cut and heel muscle seam cut from the leg.

### Silverside with Salmon Cut

muscles are removed from the topside by

### Code: 1023

seam cutting.



**Description:** Silverside with salmon cut seam cut from the leg.

## Silverside with Salmon Cut – fully trimmed 98%VL

### Code: **1055**



**Description:** Silverside with salmon cut seam cut from the leg and trimmed to 98%VL.

## Silverside – fully trimmed 98%VL

### Code: **1051**



**Description:** Silverside seam cut from the leg and trimmed to 98%VL.

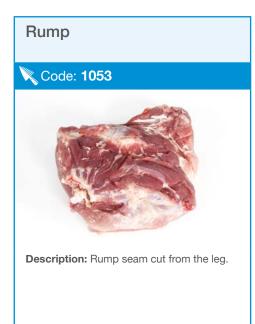
## Salmon Cut – fully trimmed 98%VL

### Code: **1052**

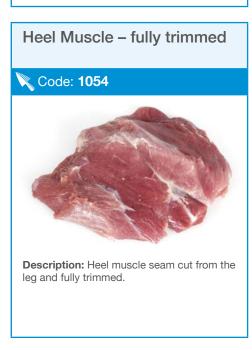


**Description:** Salmon cut seam cut from the leg and trimmed to 98%VL.



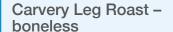






## Pork Roasting Joints





Code: 2003



**Description:** The topside and thick flank are removed from a boneless leg and chump. The remainder is trimmed of excess fat and gristle and rolled into a roasting joint.

## Carvery Shoulder Roast – boneless

Code: **2002** 



**Description:** Produced from a partly deboned round shoulder for easy carving, with the shank left on.

## Leg of Pork – boned and rolled

Code: 2001



**Description:** Tunnel boned and rolled leg of pork with the hock removed.

### Leg Joint – boneless

Code: 2032



**Description:** Joints prepared from the leg and chump of pork.

## Loin and Belly Joint – boneless

Code: 2004



**Description:** Boneless, rindless loin and belly rolled into a roasting joint.

## Boston Butt Joint (Neck End) – boneless and rindless

Code: **2024** 



**Description:** This cut contains the collar and blade bone part of the shoulder and is deboned and rolled into a roasting joint.

### Collar Joint - Boneless

Code: **2006** 



**Description:** Trimmed boneless collar rolled into a roasting joint.

## Collar Joint with crackling – boneless

Code: **2019** 



**Description:** Trimmed boneless collar with added rind for crackling and rolled into a roasting joint.

## Pork Roasting Joints





### Code: **2021**



**Description:** Produced from the boneless round shoulder, which is seam cut and only the highly trimmed feather and LMC muscles are used for this roasting joint.

## Shoulder Joint – boneless (Brisket and Blade muscles)

### Code: **2022**



**Description:** Produced from the boneless round shoulder, which is seam cut and only the highly trimmed brisket and blade muscles are used for this roasting joint.

### Loin Joint with Crackling – boneless

### Code: 2031



**Description:** Boneless and rind on loin, rolled into a roasting joint.

## Loin Joint – boneless and rindless

### Code: 2005



**Description:** Boneless and rindless loin, rolled into a roasting joint.

## Belly Roast – boneless and rindless

### Code: **2009**



**Description:** Boneless and rindless belly, rolled into a roasting joint.

### Rack of Pork

### Code: **2008**



**Description:** This joint is produced from the rib section of the loin.

### Tomahawk Rack

### Code: **2035**



**Description:** This joint is produced from the rib section of the loin with 17.5 cm of the rib bones exposed.

### Loin Joints - 99%VL

### Code: **2018**



**Description:** Only the eye of the loin, with all gristle and visible fat removed, is used for this joint.

## Pork Roasting Joints





Code: **2033** 



### Loin Cannon - 99%VL

Code: 2034



**Description:** Produced from a boneless and rindless loin, with all gristle and visible fat removed. Cut in half lengthways to produce Loin Cannons – 99%VL of required weight.

## Mini Leg Joint with Crackling – boneless

Code: **2036** 



**Description:** Rind on mini joints prepared from a boneless leg and chump of pork without the topside.

### Mini Joint (350-450 g) - Leg

Code: **2010** 



**Description:** Prepared from seam cut topside, silverside, thick flank and rump. Weight range 350–450 g.

## Mini Joint (350–450 g) – Topside

rindless loin cut lengthways in half to

Maximum fat thickness 7 mm.

produce Loin Cannons of required weight.

Code: **2017** 



**Description:** Prepared from seam cut topside. Weight range 350–450 g.

### Mini Joint (350–450 g) – Collar

Code: **2007** 



**Description:** Prepared from the collar. Weight range 350–450 g.

## Mini Joint with crackling (350–450 g) – Collar

Code: **2020** 



**Description:** Prepared from the collar with added rind for crackling. Weight range 350–450 g.

### Chuck Eye Joint - Collar

Code: 2023



**Description:** This joint is the continuation of the rib eye muscle, which runs into the collar.

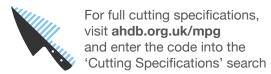
# Pork Roasting Joints













#### Code: **3007**



**Description:** Prepared from the lumbar section of the loin. Contains the loin and fillet muscle.

# Club Steaks

### Code: **3009**



**Description:** Prepared from the rib section of the loin, with each club steak containing a rib.

# Cote de Porc

#### Code: **3081**



**Description:** Prepared from the rib section of the loin with every other rib removed.

#### Tomahawk Steak

### Code: **3059**



**Description:** Prepared from the rib section of the loin with each steak containing a long French trimmed rib.

# Chops – Loin (part vertebrae removed)

### Code: **3042**



**Description:** Prepared from the whole loin without the fillet and part vertebrae removed.

# Chops – rib section of the loin

# Code: **3008**



**Description:** Prepared from the rib section of the loin. Thickness 20 mm. Not all chops will contain a rib.

# Chops - collar

# Code: **3010**



**Description:** Prepared from the bone-in collar. Thickness 20 mm.

# Thin Cut Escallops – Topside, excl. gracilis muscle (5–7 mm thick)



**Description:** Prepared from a fully trimmed topside without the gracilis.









**Description:** Prepared from a fully trimmed

# Thin Cut Rump Steak (5–7 mm thick)

Code: **3038** 



**Description:** Prepared from a fully trimmed rump.

# Thin Cut Loin Steak (5–7 mm thick)

Code: 3041



**Description:** Prepared from a rindless loin. Maximum fat level 5 mm and tail not to exceed 25 mm.

# Thin Cut Loin Escallops – 99%VL (5–7 mm thick)

Code: 3006



**Description:** Prepared from a fully trimmed loin eye muscle.

# Thin Cut Collar Steaks (5–7 mm thick)

Code: **3003** 

silverside.



**Description:** Prepared from a fully trimmed boneless collar of pork.

# Thin Cut Belly Rashers – rindless (5–7 mm thick)

Code: **3025** 



**Description:** Prepared from a rindless trimmed belly.

#### **Loin Cannon Steaks**

Code: **3051** 



**Description:** Prepared from the single loin eye muscle cut in half lengthways. Maximum fat level 7 mm.

# Oysters of Pork – Loin 99%VL

Code: **3052** 



**Description:** Prepared from a fully trimmed loin eye muscle cut in half lengthways. Maximum thickness 15 mm.





#### Code: **3039**



**Description:** Prepared from a fully trimmed topside. Maximum thickness 15 mm and width 50 mm.

# Oysters of Pork – Salmon Cut

### Code: **3040**



**Description:** Prepared from a fully trimmed salmon cut. Maximum thickness 15 mm.

# Topside Steaks (15 mm thick)

# Code: **3073**



**Description:** Topside including the gracilis muscle. Maximum thickness 15 mm.

# Rump Steak

# Code: **3016**



**Description:** Full rump removed from a leg and chump of pork, cut into steaks.

# Rump Steak on the bone

#### Code: 3037



**Description:** Full bone-in rump removed from a leg and chump of pork, cut/sawn into steaks.

# Leg Steaks - Thick Flank

### Code: **3032**



**Description:** Thick flank muscle removed from a leg and chump of pork, cut into steaks.

# Presa Steak (Denver Steak)

# Code: 3072



**Description:** Prepared from a single muscle that is seam cut from a collar of pork. A well-known cut in Spain.

# Steaks (LMC)



**Description:** The LMC muscle is seam cut from the round shoulder and cut into steaks.









**Description:** Complete boneless loin cut into steaks. Maximum fat thickness 8 mm. Tail of the loin not to exceed 25 mm.

### Valentine Steaks

Code: 3012



**Description:** Complete boneless, rindless loin, butterfly-cut into steaks.

# Rib Eye Steaks

# Code: **3014**



**Description:** Prepared from the thoracic section of the loin eye muscle, which includes the darker spinalis muscle.

# Loin Escallops - 99%VL

# Code: **3048**



**Description:** Prepared from the single loin eye muscle without the darker spinalis muscle and chain. All fat and gristle removed.

#### Collar Steak

#### Code: **3001**



**Description:** Boneless trimmed collar cut into steaks.

# Belly Slices – bone-in, rind on

# Code: **3022**



**Description:** Slices of bone-in and rind on belly.

# Belly Slices – bone-in, rindless

### Code: **3023**



**Description:** Slices of bone-in and rindless belly.

# Belly Slices - mini



**Description:** Small slices of rindless and boneless belly.





# Code: 3045

**Description:** A completely trimmed fillet of pork, butterfly-cut.

# Fillet of Pork Spatchcock – portions

# Code: **3046**



**Description:** A completely trimmed fillet of pork, butterfly-cut into required portions.

### Fillet on the bone

#### Code: **2030**



**Description:** Prepared from the lumbar section of the loin, leaving part of the bones attached to the fillet.

#### Fillet steak on the bone

### Code: 3060



**Description:** Prepared from the lumbar section of the loin and cut into bone-in fillet steaks.

#### Fillet Medallions

#### Code: 3074



**Description:** Trimmed fillet cut into 25 mm thick medallions.

# Fillet of Pork - skewers

# Code: 3047



**Description:** Trimmed fillet cut into 25 mm steaks and skewered.

# Derby Pavé - collar

#### Code: 3068



**Description:** Butterfly-cut, trimmed, boneless collar of pork.

#### Daubes - collar

#### Code: 3002



**Description:** A boneless collar cut lengthways into logs and then cut into required weight portions, secured with roasting bands.





### Code: 3018



**Description:** Required weight portions are prepared from the topside, silverside, rump or thick flank and secured with roasting bands.

# Chunkies – leg muscles

# Code: 3027



**Description:** Trimmed topside, silverside, rump or thick flank cut into required weight portions and diamond scored.

# Chuck Spatchcock - collar

# Code: **3065**



**Description:** The Presa/Denver and the remaining rib eye muscles are removed from the collar. The remaining muscle is butterfly-cut into a chuck spatchcock.

### **Belly Tendrons**

#### Code: **3026**



**Description:** A boneless/rindless belly folded over, secured with elasticated bands and cut into required weight portions.

# Belly Blocks – boneless, rindless

### Code: **3033**



**Description:** Small chunks of boneless/rindless belly with diamond score marks.

# **Belly Pin Wheels**

# Code: **3043**



**Description:** A rolled boneless/rindless/ trimmed belly, skewered and cut into required weight portions.

# Pork Ribs, Hock and Shanks





# Code: 3019



**Description:** Rack loin ribs removed by sheet boning.

# Spare Ribs - Ioin, individual

### Code: **3075**



**Description:** Rack loin ribs removed by sheet boning and cut into individual ribs.

### **Gloucester Ribs Rack**

#### Code: **3055**



**Description:** A rack of loin ribs comprising a variety of muscles, including the tail of the loin, creating a very meaty rib rack.

### Gloucester Ribs - individual

### Code: **3056**



**Description:** Individual meaty ribs comprising a variety of muscles, including the tail of the loin.

#### London Rib Rack - Ioin

#### Code: **3057**



**Description:** Vertebrae and feather bones of the loin with a minimum of 20 mm thick layer of meat.

#### **London Ribs**

#### Code: **3058**



**Description:** Vertebrae and feather bones of the loin with a minimum of 20 mm thick layer of meat. Cut into 30 mm wide individual portions.

# Spare Ribs - belly

#### Code: **3020**



**Description:** Rack of ribs, including the soft bones/cartilage taken from the belly by sheet boning.

# Spare Ribs - belly, individual



**Description:** Individual ribs, including the soft bones/cartilage taken from the belly by sheet boning.

# Pork Ribs, Hock and Shanks





Code: **3053** 



**Description:** All the trimmed belly meat is left on the rib section of the belly to create a very meaty rib rack of required weight.

# King Rib - belly, portions

Code: 3054



**Description:** All the trimmed belly meat is left on the rib section of the belly to create a very meaty rib, which is cut into individual portions containing two small ribs each.

# Derby Ribs - collar

Code: **3066** 



**Description:** Prepared from the collar bones with a minimum of 20 mm thick layer of meat and cut into 30 mm wide portions.

# Derby Ribs - collar, boneless

Code: **3067** 



**Description:** Prepared from a boneless collar.

#### **Brisket Rib Rack**

Code: **3069** 



**Description:** A very meaty rib rack, which includes the brisket muscle.

#### Brisket Ribs - individual

Code: **3070** 



**Description:** Individual meaty ribs.

# Forequarter Ribs

Code: **3071** 



**Description:** A 4-bone rib rack produced from the forequarter.

### Pork Henry - whole

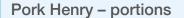
Code: **2025** 



**Description:** Meaty shoulder blade of pork.

# Pork Ribs, Hock and Shanks





Code: **2026** 



**Description:** Meaty shoulder blade of pork cut into portions.

# Hock

Code: **3076** 



Description: Bone-in and rind on, hind hock.

# Shank - hindquarter

Code: **3077** 



**Description:** Produced from the hock with the rind and heel muscle part removed.

# Shank Portions – hindquarter

Code: 3078



**Description:** Individual portions. Produced from the hock with the rind and heel muscle part removed.

# Shank - forequarter

Code: **1032** 



**Description:** A bone-in and rind on shank, produced from the forequarter.

# Shank - forequarter, rindless

Code: **3079** 



**Description:** A bone-in and rindless shank, produced from the forequarter.

# Shank Portions – forequarter, rindless



**Description:** Individual slices produced from the rindless forequarter shank.

# Pork Dice, Stir-Fry, Mince and Sausages



For full cutting specifications, visit ahdb.org.uk/mpg and enter the code into the 'Cutting Specifications' search

Dice (leg muscles 98%VL)

Code: 4001



Dice (shoulder muscles 95%VL)

Code: 4004



**Description:** Produced from the round shoulder muscles, fully trimmed 95%VL and cut into dice.

Dice (collar 90%VL)

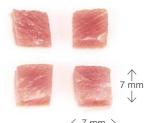
Code: **4005** 



**Description:** Produced from the collar, fully trimmed 90%VL and cut into dice.

'Quick Cook' Dice (collar 90%VL)

Code: 4006



 $\leftarrow$ 7 mm $\rightarrow$ 

**Description:** Produced from the collar, fully trimmed 90%VL and cut into 7 mm x 7 mm x 7 mm cubes.

Stir-Fry (leg muscles 98%VL)

chump muscles, fully trimmed 98%VL and

Code: 4003

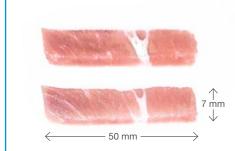
cut into dice.



Description: Produced from the leg and chump muscles, fully trimmed 98%VL and cut into 1 cm x 1 cm x 6 cm stir-fry strips.

'Quick Cook' Strips (collar 90%VL)

Code: 4002



Description: Produced from the collar, fully trimmed 90%VL and cut into 7 mm x 7 mm x 50 mm strips.

Mince 95%VL

Code: **5001** 



Description: Lean pork cuts 98%VL minced twice through a 5 mm plate.

Sausages

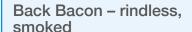
Code: **7001** 



**Description:** We have not prepared a full specification for pork sausages, because there are so many different regional varieties. The cost of the sausage is generally dictated by the type of meat used, the meat/fat/water content and what ingredients/preservatives/ rusk/seasoning are used. Therefore, it is important when purchasing sausages to request this information.

# Pork Bacon and Cured Meat





### Code: **6011**



**Description:** Cured loin of rindless pork, smoked and sliced to the required thickness.

# Back Bacon - rindless

### Code: **6001**



**Description:** Cured loin of rindless pork, sliced to the required thickness.

# Streaky Bacon - rindless, smoked

# Code: **6012**



**Description:** Cured belly of rindless pork, smoked and sliced to the required thickness.

# Streaky Bacon - rindless

# Code: **6003**



**Description:** Cured belly of rindless pork, sliced to the required thickness.

#### **Gammon Steaks**

### Code: **6005**



**Description:** Cured boneless leg of pork formed into a cylindrical shape with the steaks cut across the grain.

#### Gammon - whole

### Code: **6006**



Description: Cured leg of pork.

### Gammon Smoked - whole

# Code: **6007**



**Description:** Cured and smoked leg of pork.

# Gammon Joint – boneless and rolled



**Description:** Cured leg of boneless pork, formed into a cylindrical shape and tied with string at even intervals.

# Pork Offal













Note: The offal section in this publication is limited. However, AHDB has produced a separate guide, detailing fifth quarter and variety cuts.

The **Meat Purchasing Guide** and **Cutting Specification Manual** can be downloaded at:

ahdb.org.uk/mpg



Download the FREE **Meat Purchasing Guide app**, with ordering facilities, onto your smartphone or tablet.







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